MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. D. JERMAIN.....H. M. BRIGHTMAN

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6, 1859.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:30 A. M.	12:50 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:15 A. M.	2:00 P. M.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.

7:25 A. M.	2:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

9:30 A. M.	12:40 P. M.	8:00 A. M.
4:05 P. M.	6:15 P. M.	12:30 P. M.
5:00 P. M.		

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

7:25 A. M.	9:35 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:30 P. M.	11:25 A. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

12:00 M.	2:50 A. M.	11.00 A. M.
9:00 P. M.	12:00 P. M.	7.00 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD AND THE EAST.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave—one every day, from Doutman's dock, foot of East Water st., connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations for passengers, leave the different transportation docks every day for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The Steamer Gazelle leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock at 8 o'clock, each morning, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR CHICAGO, &C.

The steamer Traveller leaves Johnson & Olmsted's Dock every evening, at 9 o'clock, for Chicago and intermediate ports.

The News in Brief.

At the date the *North Briton* sailed from Europe, nothing had been known in regard to the deliberations of the belligerent representatives at Zurich. Affairs in Central Italy are coming to a head. Whatever the diplomatists may decide upon, the people seem determined not to permit the restoration of the old dynasties. The assemblies of Modena and Tuscany have adopted resolutions annexing their territories to Piedmont, and banishing the dynasties of the late Dukes. The foreign commercial circulars note dull markets for breadstuffs with downward tendency in prices.

A collision occurred at Leavenworth, Kansas, on Saturday night, between the Democrats and Republicans, in which one person was shot and five or six severely injured, with knives and other weapons. Both parties were having demonstrations, prior to the municipal election, and the affray is reported to have been accidental, though the Democrats appear to have been the aggressors, disturbing the Republican meeting, which was being held on the street.

Some trouble between our Government and that of England is growing out of the little island of San Juan, on the Pacific coast. Gen. HARNEY had occupied it with a detachment of United States troops, against which the Governor of British Columbia had protested, and sent for British forces to take the Island. We infer from our Washington despatches that the President approves of Gen. HARNEY's course, and will sustain him.

The death of ex-Governor WALLACE, of Indiana, is announced.

The difficulty between the employees and officers of the Michigan Southern Railroad was settled yesterday, and the trains commenced running regularly.

Breadstuffs continue to decline at the East. Our own market opened actively yesterday, with receipts of better than 30,000 bushels of wheat, but closed heavy and dull.

No signs of rain yet.

SPECULATION.—The New York *Herald* publishes an accurate chart of Long Island Sound for the use of the *Great Eastern* when she attempts to reach New York. The same paper also designates the street at which she will be moored, 106th Street, some six miles from the Bay—and also predicts a revolution in the city as consequent upon the arrival.—Other monsters will follow. 106th Street will become the great point of business and interest, and thus the city will be "turned upside down."

FROM WASHINGTON.

Why Douglas is to Visit Ohio—Wendell's Coalition with Douglas—Troubles in the Indiana Democratic Camp—How Minnesota is to be Saved to the Administration.

The Special Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writes: Douglas is invited by the Ohio Democratic State Central Committee to address the people in that State, and he leaves here on Monday for Chicago, and will speak several times. This signifies that he and Pugh have coalesced to carry Ohio, re-elect Pugh to the Senate, and secure Ohio delegates for Douglas at Charleston.

Wendell is out for Douglas, which looks as though he wanted anti-Lecompton votes for Prater. His coalition with Wood and Matteson, and support of Douglas, may secure him the votes of the Republicans and Douglas men, in the next Congress for that office; but if Douglas unites with the Republicans in the election of Printer, what will be the effect on his prospects at Charleston?

Senator Fitch left yesterday for home. The strife in his State, between Dunham and Hendricks, for the nomination of Governor, requires the attention and efforts of all Democrats. The former is a Douglas, and the latter a Bright man. Governor Willard wisely keeps out of the way.

Gov. Sibley, of Minnesota, is at the National. The object of his present visit is to postpone the land sales in Minnesota till next year; and the President will postpone them. The Democrats will then claim before the people that they have intervened to save their lands from sale, and give them one year more time in which to save their pre-emptions. On this issue they hope to carry the State this fall.

HORRIBLE CASE OF SELF-MUTILATION.—One of the most horrible and extraordinary cases of mutilation which we have ever heard of occurred at Milesburg, Centre County, Pa., last week. The particulars of the affair are as follows:

"A young man named Aaaron Irely, who had just been pardoned out of the Penitentiary, visited a rolling mill in the above neighborhood, and deliberately walking to a large shears, placed his arms between the blades, and severed both about midway between the hands and elbows! The horrible act was performed so coolly and deliberately that no suspicion was entertained of his design.—When questioned as to his motive for self-mutilation, he replied that "his hands had been the means of sending him to the Penitentiary once, and he was determined they should never get him into trouble again."—He was taken to a neighbor's house, and a physician sent for, who re-amputated both his arms—an operation which he is said to have borne with a stoicism and indifference that astonished all who witnessed it. He is recovering rapidly, and manifests the utmost unconcern for the loss of his arms."—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

DWELLING HOUSE BURNED.—We are informed that the house of Edward Chase, on the South side of Lake Butte des Mortes, was burnt to the ground early last Monday morning. The fire caught in the chamber from the stove pipe, soon after the fire was kindled in the stove.

Otis F. Chase, for a long time clerk in Raymond's hardware store; was badly burnt in his successful efforts to save his little brother, who was sleeping in the chamber.

Most of the furniture on the lower floor was saved.— *Oshkosh Courier, Sept. 2nd.*

SOME BEAR.—On Sunday evening last, while Wesley Lawrence was hunting for some cows about half a mile East of the village, he treed a cub, but having no gun, was unable to compel young Bruin to come down. Accordingly he returned, got his gun and procured the assistance of some neighbors, and went in pursuit. On arriving they found there was a whole family to contend with, so they treed the cubs (three in number) and then dispatched madam Bruin, whom they found near by, and then took the cubs. A pretty good evening's work.—*Central Wis.*

THE CITY.

Reception of the Hon. Carl Schurz.

We understand that a reception is to be given to the Hon. CARL SCHURZ, upon his arrival this evening, by the Young Men's Republican Club, of this city. It will take place on Market Square. All the friends of this distinguished champion of Republicanism are invited to attend and participate in giving him a greeting, prior to his departure for Minnesota.

Dedication of the Church of the Pilgrims.

Sunday evening the dedication ceremonies were performed in the New Church of the Pilgrims. Rev. Mr. MANWELL, of the Asbury M. E. Church, pronounced the opening prayer; Rev. Mr. LOVE the dedicatory prayer; Rev. Mr. DAY the sermon; Rev. D. C. HELMER the address; followed by some remarks by Mr. A. FINCH. The church was crowded by an attentive auditory.

The following is a description of the edifice: It is designed in the Gothic style of the third, or decorated period. The plan is a parallelogram of 48 by 81 feet. It is entered from a vestibule through three arched doorways. The audience room will seat about 500 persons. It is 19 feet high, at the side walls, inside, and about 20 feet high, at the apex, inside. The side walls are plastered and blockaded off in imitation of stone.—The ceiling is plastered and colored, same as the side walls, in water colors, of a soft, purplish tint, and is supported by seven hammer beam trusses springing from buttresses, on the side walls, and enriched with pendants, from which depend the gas fixtures for lighting the building.

At the east end of the Church is a recess, or apsis, for the reception of the pulpit, communion table and baptismal font. The apsis is arched over head and lighted with a skylight. At the West end of the Church, over the singers gallery, is a similar recess for the admission of the organ. The choir recess is lighted with a handsome triple window, with an enriched rose centre. The windows for lighting the Church, are all of enameled glass, diamond shaped, set in metal sash and enriched with appropriately colored borders.

The singers'-gallery, over the vestibule, is finished with a front of simple gothic tracery, and gives ample space for the choir and organ, with an adjoining vestry for the use of the choir.

There is a basement beneath the entire building, giving ample room for the pastor's study, (connected by a private stair-way with the pulpit) conference and prayer room, with a large hall for lectures adjoining both.

The church is constructed of wood, upon a brick basement, and the exterior is embellished with buttresses, arched headed doors and windows, finials and crochets, in keeping with the style.

The design of the building was by our accomplished architect, E. TOWNSEND MIX, of this city. This church edifice was built by those enterprising builders, Messrs. J. & A. DOUGLAS, of this city, under the superintendence of THOS. CRANDALL, assisted by S. H. MARTIN, under whose indefatigable labors and persevering energy it has been brought to a successful and early completion.

The Public Schools.

The Fall term of our Public Schools commenced yesterday. During the Summer vacation, the School buildings have been thoroughly cleansed, white-washed, painted and, where necessary, additions made to the furniture; and they are now in first-rate order throughout. At the opening hour, yesterday morning, crowds of children besieged the doors of the School Houses, all seemingly anxious to secure seats. Several of the Departments, especially the Primary ones, were filled to their utmost capacity, and children kept coming long after every seat was occupied. The corps of teachers is substantially the same as last year, though a few changes and new appointments have been made. We hope that parents and guardians, who have children at the Schools, will call in often during the current term, to judge of the progress the scholars make.

RAPID INCREASE OF TRAVEL OVER THE DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILWAY.—The travel over the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway, we are glad to learn, has more than *doubled* since the new steamships were put on the transit between this city and Grand Haven—just one week ago yesterday—and the indications are that it will continue to increase, for every one who has occasion to pass over the route *once* is sure to continue patronizing it, and to recommend it to others. The new steamships make their trips across the Lake in five and a half hours, with admirable regularity, and their staunch build, and excellent equipments secure them the confidence of travellers. Indeed, where it is well known, the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway cannot avoid becoming one of the most important thoroughfares in the whole country. The inducements it offers to travelers over other routes between the East and North-West, combine cheapness, speed, convenience and beauty, and rarity of the scenery through which it passes. With such advantages it cannot fail to prosper even in these hard times.

THE SEVERE DROUGHT.—There is still no abatement of the severe drought under which our State has been suffering for many weeks past. Hardly a drop of rain has fallen since the middle of July. As a consequence, the streams and springs are nearly dry; the pastures are burnt up, corn and potatoes are very short and in some portions of the State have been much injured by the frost; the ground if baked so hard, that no fall plauting can be done till we have a soaking rain, and that seems as distant as ever. This complaint of the drought is general throughout our State.

J. RASTALL, carriage painter, over BUTLER & POST's Livery Stable, is about the only man we know of that can ornament, polish and "literivate" all kinds of party (colored) hacks so as to make them look like new. His varnish does not crack and we believe is not cracked up, but deserves to be. His ornamental skill is unrivalled, and all he does is turned out in an artistical manner. If you own a vehicle, get RASTALL to look at it and run his brush over it, at BUTLER & POST's, where he "waits for the wagon."

THE NEW YORK *Courier & Enquirer*, speaking of the improvements which the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Company are making at Grand Haven, says the pier will be 2,000 feet long, requiring some 2,000 piles, and 3,000 cords of stone, and an immense quantity of brush. The pier will be *three thousand* feet in length, and we think will require considerably more than this number of piles. It is now completed for upwards of a thousand feet from the mouth of the river, and is a very excellent piece of workmanship.

MAJOR DICKENSON, of the Albany Restaurant, is shelling out those Baltimore oysters. Look sharp!

READ C. WALL's advertisement of a great chance to purchase 31 acres of land, which joins the city.

The Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Steamships—The New Route to the East.

Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 1.

Milwaukee has been throwing up its hat, cheering very lustily, and firing all its cannon. The occasion was the arrival from Buffalo of the two new and magnificent ocean steamships, built for the Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. line, to ply between the latter place and Grand Haven, Michigan. These steamships arrived here Saturday, August 27, bearing a precious crowd of eastern editors, Railroad officials, and municipal dignitaries picked up along the route. The city greeted them enthusiastically. The artillery, stationed along the lake shore and at the harbor, belched deafening welcome. The military paraded, and escorted the guests to the Newhall House, and the citizens generally seemed possessed with an uncontrollable spasm of joy. In the evening most of the principal buildings were illuminated, and a torch-light procession, composed of the entire fire department, (and not a mean one in point of numbers or ability either,) paraded through the main thoroughfares.

The inauguration and completion of this new route by the placing of these two splendid boats on Lake Michigan, may not improperly be marked as an era in the history of Wisconsin. It connects her with the web of Railroads at Detroit, without even so much as—"with your leave"—to Chicago. It is a modern sluice through which the accumulations of Minnesota and Wisconsin will flow off East. It is Detroit and St. Paul taking to Milwaukee—no longer over Chicago's shoulder.

These two vessels are the first of the kind, with the exception of the smaller U. S. revenue vessels, that have ever been built for the Lake service. They are counterparts of the ocean steamers, with red smoke-stacks and long, black hulls. Their officers are "decked" in uniform, and look remarkably well, being remarkably good looking men.

Milwaukee pleases me very much. I experienced the same feeling in coming here from Chicago that one feels in going from New York to Brooklyn. You will understand if you ever traveled, and can—"keep a hotel."

I can't say that I admire the "paller" bricks, but must own up to the buildings.—Some of them are as imposing and as really beautiful, in architectural finish, as I have met with in any city. The Newhall, (the principal hotel) for instance, staggers the Chicago people completely.

Milwaukee has a couple of rivers winding through it that add much to the picturesque beauty of the city. Upon the margin of one, the grain warehouses and long blocks of brick stores are built, and the bridges thrown over at the main streets, under which the countless small boats are passing and re-passing of a summer's night, invest the place with much of the romance that belongs of right to Venice. I find business in a syncope, and what is strange, a vast deal of building going on.—The yellow bricks rise in new and beautiful shapes on every street, and the merchants are parroting that tiresome phrase,—"hard times."

The people of this place are somewhat mixed as to nationality, and I am not sure whether the Teutonic or Saxon predominates—however, the amalgamation has improved both classes. The native portion have inbibed that genial, cordial spirit of the Germans, and the latter have taken in exchange a large share of Yankee enterprise and vivacity, making a compound of whole-souled hospitality and confounded good fellows.—You may joke them on anything but their Newhall House and the new steamers, and praise all the world beside, if Chicago is left out.

I shall leave here in a few days for St. Paul, but if in ten years time I should happen to "spot" Milwaukee again, I shall expect to see her yellow bricks extending over a dozen square miles, and her sixty thousand people multiplied to three hundred.

Yours, MEN.

Milwaukee.

From our own Correspondent.

ON THE MILWAUKEE, Aug. 29, 759.

On my way homeward I commence to jot down my reflections with respect to the trip to Wisconsin. A friend enquires: "Well, what do you think of Milwaukee?" My reply will account for the meagerness of the following details: "Since I have been in the city the inhabitants have claimed all my attention." The warm welcome which they extended to their visitors, their personal attentions, their engaging manners and their agreeable conversation, left me little opportunity to study the city in its physical aspects, or to supply myself with an accurate data for recording its commercial history. I caught the leading features of this far-off Western emporium; they have daguerreotyped themselves on my mind. But the details of the picture I have yet to fill in. But after all, I have not done amiss or lost my time, for the people of a city are its noblest possessions. They must give the tone and character to its *physique;* and their character, tastes and sympathies will reveal themselves in the hard externals which form the city to the physical eye. The hospitable, open-hearted gentlemen with whom I came in contact, I should take to be loving husbands, affectionate fathers, and domestic men.

The city supports and sustains this view; for never have I seen more carefully kept, well appointed, and happy looking homes than in Milwaukee. I do not speak of the splendor of many of the residences, nor of the fine taste displayed in others. I allude to the air of homeliness which pervades them, suggestive of the idea that in them the citizens sought for their choicest pleasures, their most highly valued delights. I cannot attempt to describe the streets of pretty villas which I saw. But they suggested to me that Milwaukee might be termed "the city of pleasant homes." The condition and appearance of the public schools point to the same conclusion. I think I counted eight handsome and spacious buildings erected to the interests of the rising generation. Besides these there are several primary schools and private educational establishments. The seventh ward school house, I visited in company with a few Canadian gentlemen, conducted by Gen. King, the City Superintendent of Schools. A better appointed establishment it is difficult to imagine. The comfort and convenience of the pupils have been evidently studied to the fullest extent desirable, or even possible. It is scarcely reasonable to believe that children who are trained amid so many manifestations of care, taste and elegance, can ever be content to sink into the squalor of indolence, or the repulsive surroundings of vice.

In churches, the city does not exhibit any striking architectural monuments. Its comparative infancy fully accounts for this. The Catholic Cathedral, however, is a very extensive pile, and the Presbyterians, the Congregationalists, the Methodists, Episcopalians, and Baptists have all neat and commodious places of worship. There are several blocks of commercial buildings of great extent and beauty. The Post-office and Custom-house is an imposing structure, plain, neat and massive. Among Hotels, the Newhall House stands pre-eminent. I venture to say, that under its present management, it cannot be excelled in any desirable particular throughout North America. All its appointments are first rate; and the civility and attention of the *employees* is beyond all praise.

* * * * * * *

A very white, hard and beautiful description of brick is made in the neighborhood of the city, and is the principal material used in the construction of the buildings. They impart to the city a striking appearance of newness. One would suppose that a year or two's age was the most that any of the erections could claim. And this idea is supported by the great extent of building which is now in progress. Gaps are being filled up in every direction; bricks and mortar obstruct every street, and the sounds of active industry fill the air. "Hard times!" have reached Milwaukee, but though they have checked, they have not stopped the progress of expansion.—*Hamilton (Canada) Times, Sept. 24.*

MUNICIPAL COURT—JUDGE FOOTE, PRESIDING—MONDAY, September 6th.—Otto Hunter and Timothy O'Brien (not the ex-Marshal) disorderly. Penalty $1 and costs—paid.

Wm. Crawford disorderly. Penalty $2 and costs—paid.

W. H. Wright, Jr., discharging fire arms in city limits. Penalty $2 and costs.

Henry Robinson, disorderly. Penalty $1 and costs—paid.

The grand jury for this court was in session yesterday, and was charged at considerable length by Judge FOOTE.

FOR THE EAST.—The upper cabin screw steamer *Galena*, Capt. STEELE, leaves the Milwaukee and Mississippi dock this morning, at 10 o'clock, for Buffalo and intermediate ports. For passage apply at the Company's office, at the foot of East Water street, GRIFFIN & FLINT, Agents.

CRUMMEY'S MARKET.—The new establishment of Mr. CRUMMEY in Bowman's block, must be an eye sore to vegetarians.—Beef certainly looks better in this beef-fitting place than any other. Lamb becomes invested with an extra share of fatness, and veal puts on enticing looks. Now that grouse are coming in, it will not be difficult to make game of part of CRUMMEY's stock; but the beef, and the mutton, and the lamb—gracious—bring 'em to the fire and they'll *render* their own story.

BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.—The regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Commissioners will be held at their room to-morrow (Wednesday) evening, at 7 o'clock.

The members of the Executive Committee and of the Committee on the Pic-Nic are requested to meet at the Secretary's office to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

BAMFORD & BALDWIN, at the M. & M. Depot, keep all Eastern Dailies and Weeklies, Harper's Monthly, the Atlantic and Ballou's. They furnish the latest news ahead of mail, and can supply the SENTINEL to all who desire it.

HOUSES TO RENT.—J. S. FILLMORE has two houses, entirely new, with six rooms each, on Seventh street, a few doors North of Spring. Rent $8 per month.

SAMUEL I. BRIDGE,
Real Estate, Money & Insurance Broker.

I OFFER my services for the negotiation of Notes, Mortgages, Stocks, Bonds, and other securities, and for the *obtaining of Loans.* Also, for the purchase and sale of REAL ESTATE. Taxes paid. Abstracts of titles furnished. Collections made in all parts of the country.

Marine and Fire Insurance Effected,
In the best Companies, at the lowest rates.

SAML. I. BRIDGE,
Office of Merchants' & Traders' Ins. Co., Michigan street, under Newhall House. mo10i266dtf:stpp

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph.
Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
my14i287dtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

SENTINEL READING ROOM.

WE have opened in connection with our new Counting Room, 207 East Water st., a Reading Department, where all the leading Daily Papers in the United States and Canada are regularly placed on file, for the benefit of those who may wish to see them. Strangers visiting the city are invited to avail themselves of our "Free Reading Room" at their pleasure.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

NOTICE.—EDWARD P. ALLIS has opened an office under the State Bank, entrance on East Water street just north of Michigan street, and will give his attention to buying, selling or exchanging real estate and securities, and any other business which may require the services of an agent. my5i246d6m1stpp

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR AND ADVERTISE in the *Manitowoc Tribune*, Daily and Weekly. The *Tribune* is the largest weekly, and the *only* daily paper north of Milwaukee. Terms, cash in advance. SMITH & STONE, Publishers d1f

☞ TO MERCHANTS.—Advertise in the *Republican*, Gravesville, Calumet Co., J. N. STONE, Editor and Proprietor. aug10i193tf

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Private Physicians, Office, 184 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. my3i93d1y

☞ Look out for imitations of Lee & Perrin's Worcestershire sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons. sep10-d4awly

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURnished, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. jan21

DIED:

On Saturday, Aug. 27th, at Rib River, Marathon Co., Wis., ANNIE JANE, only child of BENJAMIN and JANE SISOLE, aged 4 months and 22 days.

"Thou art an Angel now."

On Thursday, Aug. 25th, at Mosinee, Marathon Co., Wis., ANNA MARIA, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. CHAS. HOEFLINGER, aged 5 months.

Lincoln & Commercial College
Martin's Block
Milwaukee Wisconsin

IS NOW LOCATED IN A COMMODIOUS suite of four rooms, in Martin's Block, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, elegantly fitted up and refurnished, with the exception of students, with facilities second to none in the United States.

The Book-Keeping Course
Comprises the widest range of study incident to the Science; Accountant in every variety of business, and will be of the most practical and comprehensive character. Each student will have the benefit of entirely separate instructions, and can commence at any time, and are pushed forward to give the fullest and most complete satisfaction.

Practical and Ornamental Penmanship will be taught systematically, surpassed by that of any similar institution East or West.

The Office Department is entirely separate and tastefully furnished.

☞ Merchants apply here for Clerks and Book-keepers.

☞ The proprietor will furnish pleasant rooms to Students gratuitously, by which means their board will be reduced to a price much lower than could be obtained elsewhere.

☞ For further particulars call on or address the proprietor, LOWELL LINCOLN.
sep3i70d2w1tf

POWDER AND SHOT.
A. H. GARDNER & CO.,
NO. 17 WISCONSIN STREET,
Wholesale dealers in all kinds of
SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER,
SHOT, LEAD, PERCUSSION CAPS, AND
BUFFALO ROBES.
The highest price in cash paid for Shipping Furs.
AGENTS FOR WISCONSIN SHOT CO.

☞ Powder sent in Fire Proof Magazines,—delivered at our store, to vessel, or shipped free of expense. A. H. GARDNER. [aug16i254d1y] W. S. HODGE

GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!
NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.
HEMMERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of the thread; they hem, fell, gather, and stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle. They are the BEST of our machines. They sell the better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour.*

Office and Exhibition Rooms, 495 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ J. A. FRENCH, Agent, Main st., Milwaukee.
17i165d7d1y-2dp

HUMBOLDT PAPER MILL.
REMOVAL.

WE HAVE REMOVED OUR STORE from No. 243 East Water street, on Market Square, to

217 EAST WATER STREET,

between Mason and Wisconsin sts., nearly opposite the Furniture Warehouse of Noyes, Fiertzheim & Co., and six doors north of the Milwaukee Sentinel Office. We shall be most happy to see our friends and customers at our new place of business, where they will find a general assortment of everything in the line of PRINTING, WRAPPING,

Letter Cap and Note Papers;

CARDS, CARD BOARDS, AND PLAYING CARDS; PRINTING INKS, TWINE, &c.

☞ We are now paying an advanced price for clean Linen and Cotton Paper Rags.
aug7 NOONAN & McNAB.

GROCERIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, OF THE LATE firm of Sinclair & Gunnison, has removed into store No. 88 East Water street, where he will have constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Nails, Glass, White Lead, Dried Fruits, &c., which he will offer low to cash, or prompt paying customers. He will be pleased to see any of the friends of the old concern and as many new ones as may favor him with a call. W. M. SINCLAIR.
Milwaukee, April 28th, 1859 ap28i253-83m

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LOAN on First Class Property. Call at City Auction Room. sep1 CALEB WALL.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Later from California.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5—3 P. M.

The steamship Havana, with San Francisco advices to the 20th ult., has arrived.—The Pacific mail steamships Sonora and Cortes sailed from San Francisco on the 20th ult., for Panama, with over $2,000,000 in specie, and 1,200 passengers.

A British man-of-war had arrived at San Francisco from Vancouver's Island, and it is supposed that she brings dispatches for England concerning the San Juan dispute.

Business had improved. Provisions were unchanged. Candles had advanced 1-2.—Sugar firm; refined sold at 11 3-4.

Advices from Vancouver's Island to the 13th ult., state that Gen. Harney, on the 9th ult., ordered four artillery companies from Ft. Washington, to reinforce Gen. Pickett, who still occupied San Juan unmolested.—Gen. Harney forwarded despatches to Washington.

Horace Greeley had addressed a large Pacific railroad meeting at San Francisco.

Later from Europe.

FARTHER POINT, Sept. 4—3 P. M.

The steamship North Briton has passed this point for Quebec, with Liverpool dates to Wednesday afternoon, the 24th ult.

Nothing of importance has transpired of the proceedings of the Conference in session at Zurich.

The Assemblies of Modena and Tuscany have adopted resolutions abolishing the dynasties of the former Dukes and annexing the dukedoms to Piedmont.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 24th, P. M.—Breadstuffs very dull, and sales unimportant.

Provisions closed very dull, with no sales of importance.

Consols closed at 95 1-2 a 95 5-8.

Western Land Sales.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.

Official notice is given that in all cases in which pre-emption declaratory statements, founded on *bona fide* actual settlement and cultivation, made prior and up to date, and filed before the 9th of Oct., the registers and receivers are directed, where the pre-emption claimants are unable and do not prove up and pay for their tracts at or before that time, to withhold such actual and cultivated tracts from public sales in Minnesota to take place in October and November.

The Secretary of the Interior has informed certain memorialists in St. Louis, who asked the public lands of Kansas and Nebraska to be withheld from private entry, after the close of the public sales, that the President is of opinion, that the law invests him with no power to grant such a request.

Death of Ex-Gov. Wallace.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 5—3 P. M.

Ex-Gov. Wallace, an old resident of this city, and at his death Judge of Common Pleas Court, died of apoplexy last night.—Mr. Wallace has been a very prominent man in this State, having represented her interests in Congress, as well as in the Legislative, Executive, and other branches of the State government.

The Island of San Juan Taken:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5—3 P. M.

The Government has been advised by Gen. Harney of his proceedings, in taking possession of the Island of San Juan, and the steamer of to-morrow will convey to him a reply. From what has transpired it is reasonable to infer that the position of the Administration admits of no compromise—it being fully satisfied that the Island belongs to the United States.

No Americans in the Prussian Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—3 P. M.

The State Department has been informed by Mr. Wright, Minister at Berlin, that it is not true as reported by many American newspapers, that there are several American citizens in the Prussian army. He knows of none.

The President has recognized Heinrich Muller as consul from the city of Bremen at Savannah, Georgia.

Movements of Senator Douglas.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.

Senator Douglas leaves this city on Monday morning, passing through Harrisburg and reaching Pittsburg at midnight. He speaks in Columbus at 3 o'clock on Wednesday P. M., also in Cincinnati on Thursday evening, and will reach Chicago on Saturday.

The R. R. Strike in Adrian, Mich.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5—3 P. M.

The difficulties on the Michigan Southern Railroad have been settled, and the road agrees to pay the employees three months wages down and the balance in October.—Trains commenced running regularly to-day.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Additional by the North Briton.

FARTHER POINT, Sept. 5—9 P. M.

The steamer Weser, of the Bremen and Hamburg line has been withdrawn for repairs. Messrs. Cunard advertise the screw steamer Baltic for Halifax to sail on Saturday the 29th, simultaneously with the Arabia for Halifax and Boston.

It is believed that Mr. Lever's offer to charter the Great Eastern has been rejected.

The Russian frigate General Admiral had arrived at Portsmouth.

Several members of the English Royal Family, are passengers on board the North Briton. Their visit to Canada is supposed to have reference to the contemplated visit of the Prince of Wales to the British Possessions.

The East India loan had all been awarded at a rate above 97 per cent. The Russian loan has proved a partial failure.

It is reported that the British Government congratulated France on the recent political amnesty.

The impression prevails that the recent appointment of Gen. McMahon, to the command at Lille, is in consequence of the projected fortifications at Antwerp.

Three per cent. rentes closed on the Paris Bourse at 69f 10c.

The Paris flour market was heavy.

The Paris Pays says that on the arrival of Farini to assume Dictatorship of Parma, a portion of the troops proclaimed fidelity to the Bourbon Duchess, and took possession of the small fortress Bardu, intending to hold it for their sovereign so long as a chance of restoration remains. The Pays also says a French division had reached Parma.

Signor Albert Mario and his wife, late Miss Jessie White, were arrested at Bologna.

Nearly 2,000 of the disbanded Swiss troops embarked in perfect order at Naples for Marseilles, *en route* for Switzerland.

It is said that the Duchess of Parma has received very favorable assurances from Zurich that she will be restored to former position—she undertaking to grant a constitution on liberal basis, and to adhere to the Italian Confederation.

The Austrian official Wiener Zeitung contains the following Imperial decree: Count Relalbo, who retains the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs, is appointed President of the Cabinet. Baron Hubner is appointed Minister of Police; Count Golochowzki Minister of the Interior; Counsellor Von Fichtensbann, Chief of Police, is dismissed with pension; Baron Back, formerly Minister of the Interior, is appointed Minister to Rome. The Minister of Commerce is entirely dissolved, its duties being divided between Ministers of the Interior, Exterior and Finance.

PRUSSIA.—No immediate change was expected in the health of the King. The Prince Regent had consequently gone to Ostend.

A Prussian journal says that Lord John Russell had addressed a new despatch to the British Minister at Berlin, expressing a wish for complete accord between the two cabinets on all present questions of European politics.

The same paper says an understanding between Prussia and Russia is perhaps still more intimate.

SPAIN.—The harvest in Spain is not so abundant as was anticipated, but is sufficient for the consumption of the country.

RUSSIA.—The reply of Prince Gortschakoff to Prussian proposal for mediation just published, is dated July 7th, and expresses in general terms a desire for peace, but insists on the necessity of a congress. It carefully abstains from any notice of the basis of the proposal by Prussia. The Invalide Russe has received a warning for the provoking tone in which it has of late discussed several political questions. Special instruction has been given to censors as to mode of exercising their functions.

INDIA.—The Bombay mail of July 21st has reached England; news anticipated by telegraph. The estimated number of European troops who intend to avail themselves of pensions to retire, reached 8 to 10,000.

Rumors that the Sikh Cavalry were following in the wake of the Europeans, and growing disaffected is not corroborated.

Strong police forces are stationed on the frontiers of Oude, to prevent possible inroad of rebels into that country.

Imports declined at Calcutta; receipts more active; exchange 2 1-2a2 3-4; freights flat.

A strong English squadron had been collected in Schuilentzer, China, to escort ambassadors up the river to Pekin.

At Hong Kong freights unaltered; exchange 4s7. At Shanghai tea quiet; silk lower; exchange 6 1-2. At Canton markets dull; exports unimportant.

AFRICA.—The Emperor of Morocco is seriously ill. Fears of disturbances in case he dies.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company recently deputed Mr. F. C. Webb, an engineer of considerable experience in testing and experimenting on Telegraph Cables, to proceed to Valentia to examine the present state of the Atlantic Cable, and his report, published in the English papers, concludes as follows:—Am of opinion that a serious fault exists about 260 statute miles from Valentia, measured along the Cable, and that the cable between that spot and this shore is comparatively perfect; tests from here cannot now decide whether the Cable is mechanically severed, as all attempts to detect the reception of the most intense circuit from the opposite shore have, long since proved fruitless. Still from various circumstance es tattendant on decline of insulation, there is every reason to believe that the continuity both of the Cable and Conductor is perfect.

Frauds in connection with extensive Carron Iron Leo of Scotland were coming to light. It is alledged that for a long series of years, the managing portion of the Co., has been guilty of frauds on stockholders of unprecedented daring and extent.

LONDON, WEDNESDAY.—The London News article, dated last evening, says: The result of the bidding for the India loan being made known, consols advanced 1-8, but subsequently relapsed, and closed the same as on Monday.

The Times' city article says: Funds continue to show remarkable steadiness. Money is in good supply and transactions took place on Tuesday, in discount market at 2 1-4 per cent. Business in R. R. market was quiet, but firm.

A festival at the Crystal Palace, attracted 62,000 persons—the greatest concourse ever assembled there.

The builders' strike in London, shows no signs of adjustment. The chairmakers of Worcester, are also on a strike, and other branches of trade give signs of discontentment.

PARIS, Wednesday.—The Moniteur, of this morning, contains the following: The Emperor having ordered that the army be placed from a war to a peace footing, the minister of War has given orders that from Sept. 1 20,000 men should return to their homes, whose term of service expires in 1859.

The Telegram Chamber of Deputies agreed to the project for the fortification of Antwarp by a vote of 959 to 40.

The Modena National Assembly on the 20th unanimously decreed for forfeiture by the House of Hapsburg Lorraine of the ducal throne.

Later from Pike's Peak, Mexico, &c.

LEAVENWORTH, Sept. 5—9 P. M.

The Denver City Express of the 27th, arrived yesterday, with a small quantity of dust. In Gregory's diggings some miners penetrated three feet through a strata of sulphurate of iron, and found rich dirt below.—The discoveries on the Colorado prove remunerative. Indian depredations continue, and isolated miners are frequently cut off.

VERA CRUZ, Aug. 24.—D. S. Minister McLane returned to this city on the 22d. He presented President Buchanan's ultimatum to Juarez, demanding an immediate ratification of the trea

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6, 1859.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ALEXANDER W. RANDALL, of Waukesha.
FOR LIEUT GOVERNOR,
BUTLER G. NOBLE, of Walworth.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
LEWIS P. HARVEY, of Rock.
FOR TREASURER,
SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, of Trempealeau.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JAMES H. HOWE, of Brown.
FOR BANK COMPTROLLER,
G. VAN STEENWYCK, of Columbia.
FOR STATE PRISON COMMISSIONER,
HANS HEG, of Racine.
FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
C. S. PICKARD, of Grant.

Snubbing the Administration.

Alluding to our remarks, that the choice of Delegates to the Charleston Convention was deferred until next year, because the Douglas men, though in the majority, were unwilling to alienate the Buchanan men and thus swell the Republican majority in this state, the *News* politely says:

> If the Republican party should swallow up "the friends of the administration," it might cause a tremendous and even dangerous swelling in the former—*a little poison sometimes produces that effect*—but so far as we can judge from the number and bulk of the administration men, we think the swallowing of them by the Republican party, would produce no greater distension of the latter, than the swallowing of the seven fat kine did of the seven lean kine in Egypt.

The Administration men must feel particularly flattered by the "first rate notices" which the *News* is so fond of giving them.—It is our impression, however, that the *News* did not discover the "poison" in the Administration, until there was a change in the Post Office here, one fine morning.

The Republican Platform.

The following are the resolutions adopted by the Republican State Convention, which met at Madison last week:

Resolved, That this convention reaffirms the principles embodied in the resolutions adopted by the Republican State Convention, held at Madison on the 12th of July, 1854; and, also, the principles promulgated by the resolutions of the Republican National Convention, held at Philadelphia on the 17th of July, 1856; and that in the maintenance of these principles as to be fact "a sure guaranty for the preservation of the liberties of the people, the reserved rights of the States, and the integrity of the Federal Union.

Resolved, That the repeated and continued aggressions of slave power upon the rights of free labor and the true principles of the Constitution, as exhibited in the arrogant demand for the re-opening of the African slave trade and in the clamor for the enactment by Congress, of a slave code for the Territories, force upon us, in common with the people of the free States, the necessity of renewed, united, and, unremitting efforts in behalf of freedom, free labor and free soil.

Resolved, That the corruption and extravagance of the present National Administration, as evinced in the bribery of members of Congress, the violation of the Lecompton Constitution, and to betray the people, as shown in the contracts for the army and navy, and in the Willett's Point and Fort Snelling frauds, and as proven by a bankrupt Treasury, demand at its hands of the people a *change of rulers*, and the reform of the the abuses which pro-slavery misrule has inflicted upon the people.

Resolved, That the reckless disregard of the rights of naturalized citizens by the administration of James Buchanan, as exhibited in the letter of Gen. Cass to Mr. LaCoste, calls for our unqualified reprobation; and that we claim for every citizen, whether native or adopted, from whom we exact allegience, *protection while abroad*.

Resolved, That the peculiar feature now contained in the constitutions of Massachusetts and South Carolina, which require, before the right of suffrage can be exercised by the foreign born, a residence of two years after naturalization—meets our united condemnation.

Resolved, That the intolerant and proscriptive spirit of sham-democracy, which in some of the so-called democratic states, makes *property*, instead of *manhood*, the basis of suffrage, and which in the leading democratic state of South Carolina, excludes every man who is not "*owner of ten negroes*," from the right of holding office, is a reproach to the age in which we live; and is opposed alike to the theory of our government, the spirit of our constitution, and the rights of man.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of and endorse the course of our senators and representatives in congress, in maintaining the principles of the republican party, and generally promoting such measures as have for their objects the advancement of human rights, and in opposing the extravagance and profligacy of the democratic administration of the federal government.

Mr. Bennett moved that the following be added to the report, which prevailed:

Resolved, That eschewing all compromises of principle, we will support no man for President or Vice-President who does not openly and unequivocally espouse the principles on which the Republican Party is founded, preferring defeat while contending for freedom and right, to a victory gained by timidness by compromising principles for the sake of power.

The report, as amended, was then unanimously adopted.

The following resolution was then adopted:

Resolved, That the State Central Committee be instructed to apportion to each county two delegates to the State Convention to assembly district's composed of more than one county—and two delegates to each of the other assembly districts.

Judge Howe offered the following resolutions, which were received with applause, and *unanimously* adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention does most heartily approve the administration of Hon. Edward N. Dickens, in the conduct of that department of the public service which has been under his charge for the past two years; and they do unanimously declare that the nominations of another known and capable citizen of the State for that office, was indicated solely by the desire to represent upon the ticket more equitably the different communities of the State while providing at the same time for the efficient service of the public interest.

Resolved, That the personal sacrifice which the Convention has demanded of the present State Prison Commissioner, is, of itself, the highest evidence of our confidence in his patriotism, and of his devotion to the public welfare and the Republican cause.

THE RESPONSE OF OLD ROCK.—The Janesville *Gazette* of Saturday last says:

> The republican nominations for State Officers are well received in this city. There is no doubt but the ticket will receive the hearty support of the republicans of Rock county.

There is little doubt that it will be heartily supported by Republicans throughout the State; as well for its intrinsic merits, as because the candidates are the representatives of our Republican principles.

THE TROUBLES SETTLED.—By a despatch to Mr. H. E. SAWTER, ticket agent here for the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad, we learn that the difficulties with the mechanics at Adrian and Laporte, by which the running of the trains was impeded for a couple of days, have been settled, and that the trains are now running regularly without apprehension of a revival of the troubles.

THE VICKSBURG *Whig* is responsible for the following story:

> "When we hear such threats of disunion made by these redoubtable politicians, who appear to breakfast, dine and sup upon gun powder, round shot, and chain lightning, it reminds us of a conversation between Gov. Wise and one of our citizens a few weeks ago in the Capitol at Richmond. The Mississippian (the man, not the newspaper) was anxious to know of the Governor if he did not think the Union could and should be dissolved, in the event of the election of a Black Republican. The Governor was careful not to express any opinion, but with a twinkle of the eye, and an emphasis peculiar to himself, remarked that 'he had had some little experience in such matters on a former occasion. At one time in 1856, it was confidently believed in Virginia, that Fremont would be elected President, and crowds of fire-eaters, who swore that death was preferable to submission, and that *something must be done*, flocked around him to find out his opinion, as to what should be done in such a terrible crisis. Resist, by all means, Gentlemen, said the Governor; never think of tame submission to such an outrage. But how? said one, by calling a State Convention? By convening the Legislature? said another. By a convention of the Southern States? said a third. 'Oh no,' said the Governor, 'by none of these means—they are too slow—too fluctuating and uncertain.' 'How then?' cried the excited and resolute assemblage. 'What shall be done?' 'Why!' said the Governor, 'tear up the railroad, and take possession of the National Armory—appropriate all the public property—take possession of the Government stores at Norfolk, while I will march fifty thousand men to the Capitol, under *your lead*, and resist the inauguration by force, and take possession of all the public property. It is true that in a few days there will be force enough in Washington to hang every one of us, but d—n a man who has not patriotism enough to die for his country. 'Come, Gentlemen, what say you?' said the Governor, (and as he shifted his quid to the other cheek, a scornful smile crept over his pale face.) They turned as white as a sheet, and, like the crowd that accused the woman taken in adultery, they commenced going out, until not one was left. 'And I'll be d—d!' said the Governor, 'if this is not the last I have ever heard said about disunion in Virginia.'"

BUSINESS IN NEW YORK.—Business is said to have improved much at New York, within a few days. The *Herald* says, "the most unerring barometer of the condition of trade is that furnished by our advertising columns. The large increase of our advertising convinces us, if further proof were necessary, that the trade of New York was never brisker than it is now. Now is the time for our men of business. They need no incentive from us, we are sure, to 'make hay while the sun shines.' Let them go ahead, but not forget the lesson of 1857."

The Nomination for Governor---Ravages of the Frost in Waupaca County.

Correspondence of Daily Sentinel.

WAUPACCA, Wis., Sept. 3, 1859.

We have just received the news of RANDALL'S nomination. All right! It is what we expected, and what we wanted. He will give HOBART, the "great defeated" candidate, "Aleck." No other candidate, under existing circumstances, would have suited the Republicans of this section so well as our present able and excellent Executive. We shall endeavor to show our appreciation of him by a hearty ratification of his nomination at the polls in November.

"Jack Frost" paid us a visit last evening which was exceedingly unwelcome. Vines of nearly every description, tomatoes, potatoes, corn, buckwheat, in fact everything that a severe biting frost could injure were "laid out." About a week ago we had a frost that killed many pieces of buckwheat, beans, some corn, also potatoes; but last night gave the finishing touch to all that was left. Some fields of corn were out of the the reach of frost, others partially so, but all late corn is nearly a failure. Buckwheat will not be over one-third of a crop, owing to the drouth and frost; while potatoes will be the lightest ever raised in the county, I think. For the last fourteen months there has been frost every month in this part of the State! Farmers put on long faces, and no wonder. W. H.

The Great Unshot.

From the New York Evening Post.

Mr. O. Jennings Wise, as the editor of the Richmond *Enquirer* calls himself by a curious infelicity, has been fighting another duel with the usual result—no harm done. It is the third or fourth time, we believe, that Mr. Wise has been engaged in these bloodless encounters. Does he bear a charmed life: or do the seconds load the pistols with peas or bread-crumbs instead of balls; or do the hands of the parties shake so as to render the aim unsteady? That a person used to the firing of pistols, as most Virginia youth unfortunately are, should three or four times shoot at an object as large as the body of a man without hitting it, is something extraordinary, and deserves explanation.

The last opponent of Mr. Wise was Mr. Old, an editor of the Richmond *Examiner*, and their combat is said to have grown out of Mr. Wise's previous conflict, so remarkable for the etiquette with which it was conducted, with Mr. Aylett, of the same paper. No ancient minuet, which was a thing of infinite bowing and scraping—no diplomatic negotiation, which is a thing of infinite palaver, could have been more courteous or long-winded than the arrangements for this fight with Aylett; and the appropriate end of so many words was that Wise discharged his weapon in the air. In the encounter, again, with Mr. Old, which took place some three miles from Washington, as the reports say, "on a pleasant, breezy hill," they exchanged pistol-shots, at ten paces, twice, but neither party having been hit, the seconds declined to furnish more ammunition, and the affair was amicably settled.

Mr. O. Jennings Wise is an hereditary duelist; his father, the present Governor of Virginia, and correspondent of Mr. Barney Donnelly, was a duelist before him; he was not only fond of trying to take life himself, but of seeing others take life; for he was one of the conspicuous actors in the famous Cilley duel, in which Jonathan Cilley, of New Hampshire, was shot with a rifle by Ezra Graves, of Kentucky. It was a cold-blooded and murderous affair, we remember, and excited an universal feeling of execration over the whole country. The elder Wise also tried to get into a difficulty with Jone Bynum, of North Carolina, but was not accommodated by that gentleman. Their language to each other on the floor of the House of Representatives was similar to that which is sometimes heard in one of the lowest pot-houses of the Sixth ward of this city, but it failed to lead to any more deadly result than a scowl and brush on the Washington race-course, where the parties afterwards met. One of the objections that Bynum's friends made to his fighting was, that his body was already so full of bullets that there was no place for another one to go in, and he would, therefore, have the advantage over his opponent.

The younger Wise has a parental precedent for the avidity with which he seeks quarrels and the success with which he escapes the general result. A kind Providence protects him. When he fights nobody is killed. The opposite party perhaps gets his leg broken, but life is spared. At this rate he will soon establish such a character for missing that it will require no courage to meet him, and according to the old jest, the safest place will be near the target.

A Lost Child Perishing in the Woods.

About a fortnight ago, a bright little girl six years of age, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. King, living about 4 miles from Kalida, Putnam county, in this State, went with her mother to visit a neighbor, and while there accompanied the neighbor's children to carry water to the father, working in a field. On the way some childish quarrel occurred between them, and their little visitor, vexed and grieved, started to return to the house, which was in view. Probably reflecting more upon the wound which her feelings had received than of the path she was following, she strayed away into the woods and was lost. The other children returned in due season, but Mrs. King was only surprised that her child was not with them.

Search was immediately commenced, but when night came, and the little one was not found, the anxiety of the mother became terrible. The search was continued the next day and the next, without success. The whole neighborhood was aroused, and the whole neighborhood was aroused, and the people of the county, to the number of five hundred per day, generously volunteered their services and traversed the woods, and the forest rang with their alarms night and day, in search of the lost child. For nine days the search was continued amid the utmost excitement and without cessation, during which time the soul-harrowing suspense of the parents, and especially the mother, was indescribable, and she would neither rest nor refresh herself. She still hoped against hope itself, as each succeeding day passed by without tidings.

On the ninth day the little one was found lying over two logs, where it had fallen, too weak to proceed, within two miles of the place where it was last seen—dead. It had removed all its clothing, and when found was quite naked, its bonnet hanging on a limb, and its dress lying in a little play-house which she had built to while away the lonely hours. It had died within a few hours of the time at which it was found. The spot had frequently been passed, but the most of the search had been extended too far. When the dead body of the child was taken into the presence of the mother, and the hope which had sustained her throughout the search was gone, her reason tottered and she became insane.—*Columbus, (O.) Statesman, Aug.* 28.

THE GREAT EASTERN COMING.—The following letter has been received here, announcing that the *Great Eastern* will take her place in the Galway line for New York:

> OFFICE OF AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.,
> New York, Aug. 31, '59.
>
> W. A. LIVINGSTON, ESQ., ALBANY—*Dear Sir.*—We have the pleasure to inform you that the Mail steamer *Jason* furnishes us with the agreeable intelligence, that the monster steamer *Great Eastern*, takes her place in the Galway Line, and sails from Galway on the 15th of September, thereby presenting a most favorable opportunity to all our paid passengers to embark at the same time. We expect her to make the passage in less than six days.
>
> Yours, truly, AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.
> —*Albany Eve. Journal, Sept.* 1.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN NEW YORK.—The Courier and Enquirer gives a list of eighty of the Fire Insurance Companies of that city, and the per centage upon the premiums of their losses and expenses during the year 1858. In the majority of cases the losses and expenses are from 40 to 60 per cent of the earned premiums, but in a considerable number runs down to a little over 30 per cent. In five companies only is it more than 75 per cent. The Excelsior, true to the name, is the highest, being up to 90 per cent. Fire insurance, notwithstanding the prevalence of incendiarism, when well managed, is the most profitable business in the country. Marine insurance, owing to bad classification and procrustean tariffs is less profitable, though latterly it has somewhat improved.

THE WINE CROP OF OHIO.—Mr. R. Buchanan of Cincinnati, next to Mr. Longworth, the largest wine manufacturer in the country, in a letter to the St. Louis Horticultural Society, says the vintage of 1859 near Cincinnati will be the largest since 1853. The average yield will be about 400 gallons to the acre, although some vineyards will produce 600 to 800 gallons to the acre. Within twenty miles around Cincinnati it is estimated that the crop will amount to 800,000 gallons; so that the wine crop of Ohio the present year may be safely estimated at over one million of dollars in value.

SAD AFFAIR.—A very sad affair happened in New Orleans last week. A lady went into a daguerreotype room to have her picture taken. She had her child with her, a little boy three years old. They followed the artist into the finishing room, and while the mother was looking at the picture, the child opened a phial containing extract of potassium, and drank the contents. The draught was almost instantaneously fatal.

Blondin Crossing Niagara by Night.

From the Buffalo Republic, Sept. 1.

At a quarter past eight, he took his balance pole, and stepped upon the rope. On each side of him were two Bengal lights, one of red and one of white fire. These were lighted as he started, and illuminated the whole river with a blaze of light, as well as casting the figure of the intrepid Blondin into bold relief, heightened by the reflection from his bespangled costume.

On he went, but had not proceeded one quarter of the way across when two of his Bengal lights (which were miserable specimens of fire-works) exploded together, leaving him but one light to make three-quarters of the way across. This did not appear to trouble him however. When two-thirds of the distance across, he laid his pole across the rope, reversed himself, stood on his head, went through a number of ridiculous postures, while his one light gleamed fitfully beside him. In a moment after, this one light fell off his pole, and went down, down into the abyss below, lighting up as it went, the magnificent scenery of the banks, and exhibiting for a moment the fierce river rolling rapidly beneath.

Then all was darkness. Far out in the gloom was Blondin, invisible to all on shore, enwrapped in almost Egyptian darkness. All thought that the extinguishment of his lights was his death warrant, and that in the darkness, he could not fail to make a mis-step, and be plunged mercilessly into the flood beneath. We were where we could place our hand on the rope, and amid the awful suspense and doubt of his inability to safely cross under these circumstances we could feel his measured tramp communicated to us by the vibration of the rope and felt satisfied to his entire safety. All at once, a shout went up from the Canada side, announcing that the intrepid man had arrived safely, and it was responded to by cheers from the American side, as the people expended a long breath of relief at the termination of their suspense.

Some little time elapsed, when he again made his appearance starting from the Canada side, surrounded by fire-works. Nothing could equal the magnificence of this spectacle. A perfect blaze of balls of fire shot from him in very direction, while he appeared to be girdled with blue, green, red and white fires. The whole Canada shore was splendidly lit up by this display, and the river and its banks, appeared more formidable and perciptons than in the broad glare of day.—In a short time the fire-works had expended themselves, but not before Blondin had gone through with some of his reckless feats, such as standing on his head, &c.

Again he was in darkness—again shrouded from all eyes, and groping his way in the gloom over the waters of peril to the firm ground of safety. Again we placed our hand upon the rope as if to feel the pulse of Blondin's safety, as the physician thumbs the wrist of his patient to gather information of life or death. Again a dreadful suspense, overhung the crowd, and again the masses were breathless. In a few moments, which seemed hours to the spectators, he emerged from the pall which had enshrouded him, and was visible in the strong light of the locomotive lamps which were turned upon him. He came ashore as cool and deliberate as when he started, amid cheers upon cheers from thousands of throats.

Previous to his starting across, we asked him if he had any objection to violating the postal relations between the United States and Canada, by carrying a letter across the river. He said he hadn't, when we wrote the following letter to his agent:

MR. HARRY COLCORD, CANADA:
We've come—How are you?
CORRESPONDENT.

(Politeness of M. Blondin.)

Blondin was nine minutes in crossing and ten minutis in returning, and as he got off the rope he unpinned from his spangled vest the following reply:

To CORRESPONDENT, UNITED STATES:
Glad to hear it—keep coming.
Yours truly,
HARRY COLCORD.

(Politeness of M. Blondin.)

This is the first Rope-a-graph on record, and M. Blondin says that unlike the electric telegraph, his *line* is always in working order. He did not appear to be at all fatigued by his efforts, and received the congratulations of his friends with the modesty and absence of supercilliousness which uniformly characterizes him.

His feats on his tight rope have increased with every ascension. He being desirous to gratify all who have been unable to attend his former ascensions, will give one more on Thursday, 8th, 1859, at which time he will eclipse all his former efforts on the rope, crossing from the American to the Canada side, with *basket on his feet*, and returning will perform all his wonderful and astonishing feats with a chair.

Another Display of the Aurora Borealis—Singular Effect upon Telegraph Wires.

From the Boston Traveller, Sept. 2nd.

There was another display of the Aurora Borealis this morning, which was quite brilliant at 3 A. M. The light was of a very deep red color and not so changeable as that of Sunday night last. The electric disturbance has continued with varying intensity through the forenoon, greatly interrupting and impeding the working of telegraph wires. Some curious phenomena were seen on the wires of the American Telegraph Company, and results obtained surpassing any heretofore recorded. On the wires between Boston and Portland the operators were enabled to hold conversations and transmit and receive business on the current induced by the auroral waves, the usual batteries being disconnected from the wires.

This is the first instance on record of more than a word or two having been transmitted with the auroral current. The usual effects of the electric storm were also manifested, such as reversing the poles of the batteries, &c.

We are informed also, that on the short line between the Cambridge Observatory and the store of Messrs. Wm. Bond & Son, in Congress street, which runs nearly East and West, the waves of electricity displayed considerable regularity, being from a half minute to a minute in duration.

The peculiar electrical phenomena of these aurora displays are attracting the attention of scientific men generally, and a comparison of the observations and experiments in different parts of the country may lead to the development and discovery of their nature, and the laws which govern them.

THE AURORA IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept 2.

Between 12 o'clock and 1 o'clock this morning, the heavens were illuminat-d with a display, which was in no respect inferior to the magnificent phenomena of Sunday night, in the North, North-East and North-West. At first there was a light like that of the full moon, and showing everything in the streets as plainly. This light seemed to come in waves, differing in magnitude, velocity and color; at some moments the sky was as deeply crimsoned. At 1 1-2 o'clock the strange light shone from all points of the compass, and the deep crimson cloud floated in the South as well as in the North, and the magnetic beams radiated from the zenith, and every moment was unlike the last. A chilly wind was blowing from the North.

SARATOGA.—The summer is over and so is the Saratoga "season." We learn from the last issue (for this year) of the Daily *Saratogian*, that the number of visitors largely exceeds that of any previous year. From June 20th to August 31st, inclusive, a period of 73 days, the arrivals foot up as follows:

Congress Hall	5,530
United States Hotel	4,112
Union Hall	3,955
Columbian Hotel	1,755
American Hotel	1,101
Smith's Hotel	992
Marvin House	2,705
Exchange Hotel	1,022
Commercial Hotel	931
All Others	1,466
	23,584

The number of arrivals published during the same period last year was 18,468—showing an increase of 4,617, or about 25 per cent. When we add to the published arrivals the thousands entertained at private boarding houses, and at the hotels in June and September, the aggregate for the season will doubtless reach as high a figure as 35,000.—*Albany Journal, Sept.* 1.

POLITICAL.—Hon. Isaac E. Morse, long a distinguished Democratic member of Congress from Louisiana, writes a letter, published in the Washington *States*, in which he says the next Presidential contest will be between Governor Seward and Judge Douglas, and that, of course, his support will be given to the latter.

Mr. Johnson, a custom-house officer in Virginia, has been turned out of his place for supporting the wrong Democratic candidate for Congress. It appears that he called to see the President in regard to his removal.—Here is his own account of the interview:

"The President informed us that persons who hold office under his Administration would be expected to support the re-election of members of Congress who were friendly to his Administration, regardless of their antecedents. Opposition to such a candidates he regarded as just cause for removal."

THE ASIATIC CHOLERA.—It is remarkable that the Asiatic cholera for the third time has penetrated Europe through the same port, that of Hamburg. The great fatality during the last week in July and the first week of its appearance in that city, nearly four-fifths of those attacked having died, is also remarkable.

A LARGE ESTATE.—The Baltimore *Patriot* says the property of the late George Brown, who died in that city last week, is estimated at four millions of dollars.

An Amusing Occurrence—A Lawyer Orders Six Coffins to be Made.

From the Albany Eve. Journal.

The well known undertaker, Mr. H. is a man of peculiar temperament and by some considered eccentric. About the 4th of July last he received an order for a handsome rose-wood coffin, and doubtless filled the order to his own satisfaction, for he took great delight in calling the attention of his friends to it as they passed his warerooom. Among others he called in an attorney and counsellor of some notoriety in this city, to view this handsome piece of his handiwork. After taking a look at the same, he, in his off-hand manner, asked Mr. H. the cost of "such a useful article," as Toodles would say. Mr. H. informed him that it could be furnished for $25, but it was really worth $50, when the counsellor replied. "If you really sell so remarkably cheap as that, I will take six." The order was executed and the counsellor was notified to come and take away his property and pay the bill. He heeded not the notice, and for some time past they have graced the warerooms of the undertaker, filling them up much to his annoyance. Being a large and rather portly man, short in wind, particularly when he becomes excited, this to him was a source of great vexation and annoyance. The counsellor is a tall, slim person, and rather quick in his movements, and was thus enabled to dodge the undertaker for some time.

The undertaker happened to meet three well-known officers of the city, one evening recently, near his place of business, and while closing the story of his grievances and the wrongs perpetrated upon him, who should come along but the identical counsellor he had endeavored to find. The undertaker was advised by the officers to cross the street, seize the lawyer, bring him to his place and force him to pay the bill and take away his property. In his stocking feet the undertaker endeavored to carry out the advice of the officers. The very moment the counsellor saw the undertaker approaching him he started off on a brisk walk, then on a run, the counsellor on the side-walk and the undertaker on the carriage-way. Down Broadway they went, pell-mell, until they reached the Delevan House, when the counsellor, being burdened by a heavy leather travelling bag and an over coat, yielded up the race. He was marched back in triumph to the warehouse, the undertaker reaching it very much excited and breathing very hard. With the assistance of the aforesaid officers he managed to mount the staircase and reach the coffin-room, where the identical six were paraded together. The counsellor was then commanded to pay down the money, and remove the property forthwith, or be held liable for the storage.

The counsellor declined taking them before he had consulted with the friends for whom they had been ordered. He did not know whether they would fit and he desired to test their capacity. The undertaker, to satisfy him that they were large enough, stretched himself in one of them. They proved to be long enough but were found deficient in depth and width. The undertaker then selected one which he desired the counsellor to test, which he said was made especially for him. He undertook to try its capacity as it stood upright on the floor, when he discovered that it was too short at one end and not long enough at the other—a process of reasoning well known to the legal profession.

The undertaker undertook to crowd him in, and partially succeeded, but with the assistance of the officers he was rescued from the iron grasp. Mr. H. then became much excited and threatened to throw the coffins in the street, and commence a suit for the recovery of his debt against the counsellor, who pronounced the undertaker a cheat for tendering them of pine boards, staining them and committing a fraud in attempting to pass them off as rosewood, and putting the lid on with common screws when they were to be silver. The undertaker indignantly replied that he was no cheat, that they were made from rosewood trees planted and grown on his father's plantation, and that no such wood could be found elsewhere but at his place in this country. The counsellor laughed at this, but made no response. As to the screws, he admitted that his workmen had made a mistake and was in the act of supplying their places with silver heads when the counsellor slipped out, and has not since visited the warerooms of the undertaker.—Before leaving, the officers, without fee or the hope of fee, advised the undertaker to send the coffins to the counsellor, as they were so handy to have in the house, and the next day commence proceedings against him for recovery of his debt.

THE FRENCH SOLDIERY.—The Paris correspondent of the New York *Courier*, an admirer of everything French, makes the following remarks concerning the notabilities of the army:

> Those of the Imperial Guard are as grave as their immortal predecessors of the five last years of the first Empire. No swagger in their gait, gestures or regard—no association with idlers—no acceptance of '*La Goutte*' or the '*Petit Verre*,' (the 'Drop' or the 'Dram,') which all are ready to offer. On they go, regardless, seemingly, of the sympathy and admiration they excite.
>
> Not so the straggling Zouave or Turco—'Three sheets in the wind' is their order of sailing on their passage through the streets of Paris. They are boasters, and *gascons*, and *gourmands*, and tipplers, and smokers, with every one who addresses them or tenders them a *cigare*, a cup of coffee, or a glass of liquor; but it must be added that they are as fearless, reckless, desperate and dangerous a body of men as ever figured in a combat.
>
> The Turcos are in the superlative all that are the Zouaves positively. Native savages, the scum, possibly, of the Arab tribes, totally regardless of death, utterly insensible to those feelings of humanity which even depraved members of civilized life even unintentionally preserve, they are ready and disposed for any possible amount of human butchery they may be charged to perpetrate, and not fastidious on the point of quarrel.

FALL FROM A BALLOON.—On the 15th inst. a man named Hall ascended in a balloon from Newcastle-on-the-Tyne. In about twenty-five minutes the balloon descended in the neighborhood of Boldon, about seven miles from Newcastle, and fell in a clover field.—The grappling irons, however, did not keep hold of the ground, and some of the ballast having upset, the balloon suddenly rose again, when Mr. Hall, who was about to alight from the car at the time the balloon rose, and whose feet caught in the ropes, was whirled suddenly into the air. For a moment he hung with his head downwards, when the rope got disentangled, and he fell a distance, it is computed, of 120 feet. A farmer and his son who were in a field close by came to his assistance, and he was found to be sensible, but he soon after became unconscious. He was removed to Scots-house, the residence of Mr. H. L. Pattison, where he was immediately attended by a surgeon; and although he fell the fearful distance mentioned, there are some hopes that he will recover. After Mr. Hall was thrown out, the balloon ascended a great height, and was last seen drifting out to the German Ocean. A little dog belonging to the aeronaut was taken up in the car.

TUSCANY.—The Florence correspondent of the New York Herald says the election for members of the National Assembly, in Tuscany, passed off on Sunday, the 7th August, in a quiet and orderly manner. The voting places in the city of Florence, were six small old churches, not now in use for religious services.

In the ancient city of Siena, which formerly had a population of 200,000, now reduced to 25,000, there being no newspaper published, on the arrival of the mails, young men mount upon an elevated position, and read to the populace the papers received.

The olive and grape crops in Tuscany and Central Italy promise well. As to the grape, after the falling off of five or six vintages, the improvement of last year, and the fair promise so far of this, give a reason to hope that the product may before long be brought up to the old standard.

VERMONT AND THE CIRCUS RIDERS.—Vermont refuses to allow a travelling circus to desecrate her territory. As the State is not very wide, the showmen, however, manage to accommodate her sight-seeing population by exhibiting up and down her eastern and western boundaries. At Wellsville, N. H., directly across the Connecticut from Wells River, many thousands from Vermont poured into a circus last week, many coming as far as thirty miles to see the show.

ALFRED MARKS, Esq., says: "My wife has been sorely afflicted with Dyspepsia for the last year. During that time she had used so many medicines which seemed to aggravate rather than remove the disease, that we almost despaired of her recovery. Living in the country, she enjoyed all the advantages of pure air and exercise, yet each day she seemed to be more enfeebled. With some difficulty, I persuaded her to take your HOLLAND BITTERS, which, I am happy to state has completely cured her."

CAUTION!—Beware of Imposition See that the name of Benjamin Page, Jr. & Co., sole proprietors Pittsburgh, Pa., is on the label of every bottle.

HENRY FESS, Jr., Wholesale Druggist, 195 East Water street, Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee; sold also by WM. FINKLER, 77 East Water street, and by Druggists generally. sep6dlw

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Dry Goods.

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IS NOW RECEIVING ONE OF THE

Largest and Best Selected Stocks of Goods

Ever brought to this market, to which will be added, from time to time, during the season,

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

Our arrangements are such that

We fear no Competition!

As we have a buyer constantly in the market. We are determined to give our customers

THE LARGEST AMOUNT OF GOODS

FOR

The Smallest Amount of Money!

OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Is very full and attractive, containing Black and Fancy Silks, Tissues, Delaines, Challies, Cashmeres, Lawns, Organdies, Robe de Paris, Robe a Quil, Brilliants, &c.,

IN OUR

White Goods and Linen Department

Will be found Irish Linens, Linen Damasks, Napkins, Table Cloths, Towels, Doyles, Cambrics, Jaconetts, Counterpanes, Embroideries, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

IN THE

CLOTH DEPARTMENT,

Is a full stock of French and German Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cottonades, Denims, Summer Stuffs, Jeans, &c.

IN OUR

SHAWL AND MANTILLA ROOM

We have a fine assortment of Broche, Long and Square, Silk, Stella, Paris Fancy Border, Cashmere, Crape Shawls, Cloth Clusters, Lace and Silk Mantillas. We have also a full assortment of

Hosiery, Gloves, Yankee Notions, Trimmings,

BROWN AND BLEACHED SHEETINGS,

PRINTS, HOOP SKIRTS, &C., &C.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is unusually full of all kinds of

DRY GOODS AND YANKEE NOTIONS!

Which we are offering to Merchants

CHEAP FOR CASH!!

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AS THAT

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MUST BE CLOSED OUT!

Without Respect to Cost!!

BY THE ASSIGNEE.

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BANKER & DEALER IN EASTERN EXCHANGE

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At as Low Prices as can be obtained in Eastern Markets.

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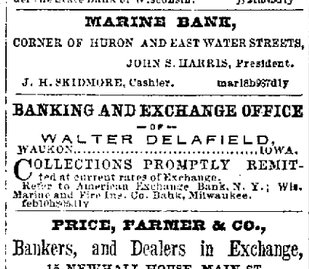

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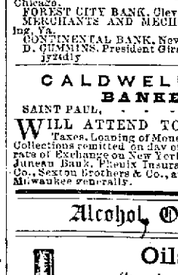

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Bell Hanging, and Repairing of Safes and Locks, also promptly attended to by

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5 Baskets Annatto, Prime.
10 bbls Bark Irish.
5 bbls Refined Borax.
5 bbls Pow'd Cream Tartar.
20 bbls Glue, assorted.
2 cases Gum Arabic, select.
5 bbls Refined Camphor.
2 cases Gum Shellac

Special Notices.

Burnett's Cocoaine.
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A COMPOUND OF COCOA-NUT OIL, &c., for dressing the Hair. For efficacy and agreeableness it is without an equal,

It prevents the Hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy and vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable odor.
It softens the hair when hard and dry.
It soothes the irritated scaly skin.
It affords the richest lustre.
It remains longest in effect.
It costs fifty cents for a half pint bottle,

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TESTIMONIAL.

BOSTON, July 19, 1857.

MESSRS. J. BURNETT & CO.—I cannot refuse to state the salutary effect in my own aggravated case, of your excellent Hair Oil—(Cocoaine.)

For many months my hair has been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin upon my head became gradually more and more inflamed, so that I could not touch it without pain. This irritated condition I attributed to the use of various advertised hair washes, which I have since been told contain camphene spirit.

By the advice of my physician, to whom you had shown your process of purifying the Oil, I commenced its use the last week in June. The first application allayed the itching and irritation, in three or four days the redness and tenderness disappeared—the hair ceased to fall, and I have now a thick growth of new hair. I trust that others, similarly afflicted, will be induced to try the same remedy.

Yours, very truly,
SUSAN R. POPE.

Burnett's Cocoaine.
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A single application renders the hair, (no matter how stiff and dry,) soft and glossy for several days. It is conceded by all who have used it to be *the best and cheapest Hair Dressing in the World.*

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Dr. Duponce's Golden Periodical Pills
FOR FEMALES.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in Dr. Duponce's Golden Pills are perfectly harmless. They have been used in the private practice of old Dr. Duponce for over thirty years, and thousands of ladies can testify to their great and never failing success in almost every case, in correcting irregularities, relieving painful and distressing menstruation, particularly at the change of life. From five to ten pills will cure that common yet dreadful complaints, the Whites. Nearly every lady in the land suffers from that complaint. The above pill has permanently cured thousands, and will cure you if you use them. They cannot harm you, on the contrary, they remove all obstructions, restore nature to its proper channel, and invigorate the whole system. Ladies whose health will not permit an increase of family, will find these pills a successful preventative. Pregnant Females, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these pills while pregnant, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition although their mildness would prevent any mischief to the health—otherwise these pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price $1,00 per box. H. BOSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Agents for Milwaukee.

They will supply the trade at Proprietor's prices, and furnish circulars, and show cards. Sold also by H. Fess, jr., 194 East Water st., J. M. Alcott 302, J. M. Tesch, 9 Spring St., and C. D. Gardner & Co., 19 Spring St. "Ladies" by enclosing $1,00 to H. Bosworth & Sons, or either of the above Agents, can have the above Golden Pills sent to any part of the country (confidentially) by mail.

N. B.—Be particular in asking for Dr. Duponce's Golden Pills, and remember, they are not a secret nostrum, every agent is given the receipt composing the Pills, and they will tell you they are the best and safest Pill for Females, ever introduced since the secret of Medicine dawned upon the world.

sep21h277d&wly.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arise from teething or from any other cause.

Life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & Perkins, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

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R. R. R.

"TIGHTNESS OF THE CHEST," COMMONLY so-called, is instantly relieved by bathing the chest with R. R. Relief.

BAD COLD—As soon as you find you have a Cough or Sore Throat, or experience any difficulty in breathing, check the symptoms immediately. If allowed to run on, they will entail more serious difficulties upon you. A dose of Radway's Renovating Resolvent, followed with three or four Regulators, will immediately check and cure a recent cold; and the continued use of the R. R. R. Remedies will speedily cure the most obstinate Coughs. In many cases of confirmed Consumption it has proved highly efficacious. It acts powerful y upon the lungs, and is a most excellent expectorant. In five minutes it will loosen the phlegm, and give relief to the distressed. In many cases of Asthma, where the patients were almost suffocated, it has in five minutes given entire relief. In all obstinate cases, each of the R. R. Remedies must be used.

R R R is sold by C. Harrington, Bosworth & Sons L. F. Lake, and J. H. Tesch, Milwaukee, and by druggists everywhere. sep2lawtw

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NEW

SPRING GOODS

—AT—

SWAFFIELD'S

Clothing Emporium!

196 EAST WATER STREET.
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JAMES A. SWAIN,

OF THE LATE FIRM OF MAGIE & SWAIN, will remain at the old stand,

No. 93 East Water Street,

Where he will be happy to welcome the patrons of the former house. ap19l153d1y

Millinery Goods, &c.

SPRING MILLINERY,
AT THE OLD STAND,
23 Wisconsin Street.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13th, **MRS. L. BLAKE,**

Will show a choice assortment of RICH BONNETS, FLOWERS, HEAD DRESSES, And General Millinery Goods.

ap13

CLEVELAND MEDICAL COLLEGE.

THE NEXT ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will begin on Wednesday, the second day of November, A. D. 1859, and continue sixteen weeks.

The Ticket Fee, with that of Matriculation, is sixty-five dollars.

Inquiries may be addressed to any of the Professors.

JOHN DELAMATER, M. D., Professor of Midwifery, and Diseases of Women and Children.
JARED P. KIRTLAND, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine.
J. LANG CASSELS, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Materia.
JACOB J. DELAMATER, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence.
PROCTOR THAYER, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
GUSTAVE C. E. WEBER, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.
H. K. DARLING, M. D., Assistant Professor of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children.
F. THAYER, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
aug25h274d&wly.

NOTICE.

OWING TO THE LATE DISASTROUS fire in Young's Block, we have opened an office for the present in the basement of store No. 16 Wisconsin Street, where we can be found, between the hours of 9 and 5 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging our accounts, &c. DEBOW & RAYMOND.
Milwaukee, June 23d, '59. je25

THE SENTINEL.

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CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum		$7,00
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do	do do per week	15
Papers to the trade, per hundred		2,00
Payable to L. SCOVILLE, City Circulator.		
DAILY, by mail, per annum		7,00
do do six months		4,00
do do three months		2,00
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum		4,00
do six months		2,00
do three months		1,00
WEEKLY, per annum		1,50
do six months		1,00
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CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.		
To clubs of four (to one address) per annum		5,00
do do five do do do		6,00
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Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel Milwaukee, Wis.

EVENING PRAYER.

I come to Thee, to-night,
In my lone closet where no eyes can see,
And dare to crave an interview with Thee,
Father of love and light!

Softly the moonbeams shine
On the still branches of the shadowy trees,
While all sweet sounds of evening on the breeze
Steal through the slumbering vine.

Thou gav'st the calm repose
That rests on all—the air, the birds, the flower,
The human spirit in its weary hour,
Now at the bright days close.

'Tis Nature's time for prayer;
The silent praises of the glorious sky,
The earth's orisons, profound and high,
To heaven their breathings bear.

With them my soul would bend
In humble reverence at Thy holy throne,
Trusting the merits of thy Son alone
Thy sceptre to extend.

If I this day have striven
With Thy blest spirit, or have bowed the knee
To aught of earth, in weak idolatry,
I pray to be forgiven.

If in my heart has been
An unforgiving thought, or word, or look,
Though deep the malice which I scarce could brook,
Wash me from the dark sin.

If I have turned away
From grief or suffering which I might relieve,
Careless the cup of water e'en to give,
Forgive me, Lord, I pray.

And teach me how to feel
My sinful wanderings with a deeper smart,
And more of mercy and of grace impart,
My sinfulness to heal.

Father! my soul would be
Pure as the drops of eve's unsullied dew
And as the stars whose nightly course is true,
So would I be to Thee.

Not for myself alone,
Would I these blessings, Thy love implore,
But for each penitent the wild world o'er,
Whom thou hast called thine own.

And for my heart's best friends,
Whose steadfast kindness o'er my painful years,
Has watched to soothe afflictions, griefs, and tears,
My warmest prayer ascends.

Should o'er their path decline
The light of gladness, or of hope or health,
Be Thou their solace, and their joy and wealth,
As they have long been mine.

And now, O Father, take
The heart I cast with humble faith on Thee,
And cleanse its depths from each impurity,
For my Redeemer's sake.

—Hymns of Ages.

Agricultural.

SEEDING LAND.—The following experience from William D. Kelly, of Lawrence county, Ohio, will be read with interest. He says: "I sow timothy seed on all my land, whether for meadow or pasture. I find it is best for market, fattens cattle as pasture faster than other grasses, and no danger of hurting them, and they do without water when feeding on such pasture. I sow one gallon of timothy seed per acre if the land is fresh. It it is worn land I sow one and a half gallons. I prefer sowing seed on the ground after plowing and harrowing well, and rolling it in with a roller. When the ground is dry or in good order to work, I sow for a sure set about the 1st of September. If any part fails I sow again the first of March. If I sow the first sowing in the Spring, I do it as soon as the ground is in good order to work in the spring, as above mentioned. I prefer putting the clean seed on the ground without any other crop with it. I sow clover seed to keep my land in good order, with oats as they do well together. I sow two bushels of oats to an acre. I plow them in shallow on corn land, then harrow the ground level, and sow three-fourths of a gallon of clover seed per acre; then roll it in or run over it with a brush. I do this for a change every third year on all my dryest land. I let it stand one year with clover, then plow it under deep for corn or wheat in the fall. This is the best manure and the cheapest I have found. If I sow clover seed for pasture, I add one gallon of timothy seed per acre, with three-fourths of a gallon of clover seed; this can all be sown with oats as soon in the Spring as possible.

The best time to cut timothy hay is when the seed is turning ripe, and before it begins to shatter out. In curing hay, barn it on the second day, or cock it up and stack it on the third day after cutting. I plow all my meadow land, and raise one or two crops of corn; then seed it new with clean timothy seed; in this change I get my largest crops of corn.—This treatment keeps my meadow land rich. Of wet seasons, the grass lodges before harvest, which injures the crop. The best acre of my meadow will often yield three tons.—I sow clover on my land partly to kill weeds. I use industry; work my crops early and late in the season. In August I dress out all my fence rows and waste land; by doing this I keep the briars and weeds under without much expense."

We commend that paragraph to the attention of our readers. Last week on the first page of the paper, we printed a similar one. We add, do not neglect the *road side*, when clearing the fence corners. These road sides as usually left alone are great nurseries of weeds and seed-beds of "foul stuff." Keep them clean. Mr. Kelly's experience is far different from ours, so far as sowing grass seed with oats. Our experience is, that it *must* be sown *early*, very, if the grass seed amounts to anything, and even then there is danger it will not. We prefer barley or wheat.

THE FEEDING OF HOGS.—The hog fattens most rapidly in such a state of atmosphere as is most congenial to his comfort—not too hot or too cold; hence the fall months are the best for making pork. The more agreeable the weather, the less is the amount of food required for the waste of life. During the spring and summer months, it pays well to set apart a clover field for hogs, where they can have free access to water and the sour milk and swill from the house. It is generally conceded that food in a fermented state contains more nitrogen than in a sweet or unfermented state. It has been found advantageous after the clover fails, to have a patch of oats or peas to turn the hogs into; after that, commence cutting up corn in a green state, or when it is what is termed roasting ears, as the hog thrives faster than when the corn becomes hard. It is also found by experiment, that the hog fattens very fast on the Sorghum Cane, cut about the time it has its growth, and thrown to the hogs in a clean pen or on a grass plat.

For later feeding, when the corn becomes dry, have it ground, as it is a wasteful way of feeding whole corn to hogs, after it is matured. Then collect together all your perishable articles, such as unripe fruit, small potatoes, pumpkins, beets, carrots, &c., and steam the meal with any of these articles, and double the pork can be made out of the same quantity, than if fed in a raw state, and the hogs can be fattened in less time. It is the best way to fatten a hog to give him at regular hours all he can eat up clean, so as not to have an overplus for him to wallow in, that is, when he is fed in a close pen.

When hogs are confined in close quarters, in order to facilitate the process of fattening, they should be provided with a good house, well covered, made reasonably tight, with a good floor and troughs, with the sleeping apartments separate from where they are fed. A little salt, ashes, charcoal and rotten wood add to their health and facilitate their fattening.—*Ohio Farmer.*

Hats, Caps and Furs.

Fall Style Hats for 1859.
UNCLE BEEBE
WILL ISSUE BEEBE & CO.'S, LEARY & CO.'S, and HIS OWN STYLES of
MOLESKIN HATS,
SATURDAY, AUGUST 13TH,
For the Fall and Winter Trade, the same day the Fashions are issued in New York.

CALL AND SEE THEM,
AT 180 EAST WATER STREET.
aug13h506d1m B. THROOP.

HATS, CAPS, AND FURS,
Manufactured and Sold at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—BY—
J. A. Benedict,
152 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

NOTICE,
ONLY FOUR DOLLARS,

OWING TO THE LOW PRICE OF LABOR, caused by the scarcity of money, I shall hereafter be able to furnish the Citizens of Milwaukee with a very superior quality and style of SILK HATS, of my own manufacture, at the low price of FOUR DOLLARS.

I shall make as heretofore, a Five Dollar Hat, but of a much better quality.

Hats made to order at the shortest notice, and warranted to fit to a T, or no sale.

☞Remember the place, 152 East Water St.
oct2h399d1y J. A. BENEDICT

NEW FIGS, A LOT OF NEW TURKEY Figs, very handsome, just received and for sale by EDWARD TEUSLOW, 119 East Water St.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

MAT. H. CARPENTER. NELSON C. GRIDLEY.

CARPENTER & GRIDLEY.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law. Office, No. 3 Martin's Block, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy15l336y6mo.

CARY & PRATT,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.
OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis.
JOHN W. CARY. [jy12l515d3m] WALLACE PRATT.

LAW AND ABSTRACT OFFICE.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and U. S. Commissioner, No. 219 East Water street. Abstracts and Certificates of Title furnished.
☞Charges reasonable. je23l70d3m

HENRY S. LEE

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR, OFFICE No. 3 Phœnix Building, Milwaukee, Wis. my25l256d1y

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
New Post Office Building, Second floor. apr15d1y

A. W. RANDALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. NO. 5 ALBANY BUILDINGS.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. jy29l294d1y

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of Debts throughout the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. feb25l256d1y

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street.
CHAS. K. WELLS. je16 JEROME E. BRIGHAM.

E. J. FARWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Office—No. 9 Juneau Block, East water Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. sep30l259d1y

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—202 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. aug25y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

SEIFERT & ROBIN

LITHOGRAPHERS, NO. 217 AND 219 East Water Street, Milwaukee. Orders for Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit, Drafts, Notes, Checks, County, Rail Road and Typographic Maps, &c., &c., will be executed on short notice and in a superior manner. aug31d178d

LOUIS LIPMAN,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Maps, Plans, Checks, Drafts, Views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c. &c. Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bond &c. my12l318d1y

PHYSICIANS.

N. P. HOLLENBACK,

ECLECTIC AND ELECTICAN PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, has taken rooms in the Prescott House, on Market street, where he will attend to all calls in his profession. He uses all kinds of medicines in connection with his electricity, which will remove all chronic and acute diseases, such as nervous, rheumatic or diseases of the lungs, or any other disease. As he will not charge for advice, please call and consult him. jy29d71d3m.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12h305d1ywslm

PACKERS, &C.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13c787d1y.

HARRINGTON HOUSE,

FORMERLY UNITED STATES HOTEL, Corner of State and Third streets, La Crosse, Wisconsin. A First Class House. Fare $1,00 per day. This House was recently purchased by the present proprietors, REFITTED AND FURNISHED throughout; is the largest and most convenient to the Rail-road Depot.
☞A Splendid Omnibus belonging to the House, will carry Guests to and from the Cars and Boats, free of charge. R. HARRINGTON & SONS.
La Crosse, August 10th, 1859. aug13l359d2mo

CARRIAGES.

JOHN OGDEN

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS. Repository on Spring (between 21 and 22) St., has on hand a large stock of Carriages, Eastern and home manufactory. Also, Spokes, Hubbs, Bent Poles, Shafts, Felloes, Hows, &c., which he will sell on reasonable Terms. Persons wanting to obtain any of the above articles will please call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing at the shortest notice.
aug1 JOHN OGDEN.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTER. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's. dec0l77d1y.

BOOK-KEEPING.

BOOK-KEEPING.

C. F. LARIGO'S COUNTING ROOMS, for the practice of DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK KEEPING, No. 40 Wisconsin street. Strangers and Business Men are informed that a few days' practice in these rooms is worth months of study. Call for Circulars. je7l329d1y

Steamers.

For Chicago and Intermediate Ports

THE FAVORITE STEAMER Ed Trayeller, Capt. E. Sweeney, Will leave our Dock for above ports every evening (except Saturday), at 8 o'clock, making close connections with all morning trains from Chicago. Freight taken as low as others.
JOHNSON & OLMSTED, Agents.
apr23l194d1y

FOR SAINT PAUL.
—THE—
SPLENDID STEAMER MILWAUKEE,
CAPTAIN S. HEWITT,
WILL LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN FOR ST. PAUL
And Intermediate Ports, as follows:

Tuesday	August 16	Saturday	Sept. 10
Sunday	" 21	Thursday	" 15
Friday	" 26	Tuesday	" 20
Wednesday	" 31	Sunday	" 25
Monday	Sept. 5	Friday	" 30

The MILWAUKEE is a commodious and elegantly furnished Boat, offering all the conveniences that can be presented to the traveling public. aug.6l648d3m

Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Superior LINE. 1859. 1859.

STEAMER LADY ELGIN, J. WILSON, Com'r, John J. Taylor, Clerk. Fred. Mate, Steward.
LEAVES CHICAGO, at 6 o'clock P. M.,

Monday	May 30	Friday	Aug. 12
Wednesday	June 8	Wednesday	" 17
Monday	" 20	Monday	Sept. 5
Friday	July 1	Friday	" 16
Monday	" 11	Monday	" 26
Friday	" 22	Wednesday	Oct. 7
Monday	Aug. 1	Wednesday	" 19
Monday		Oct. 31	

LEAVES MILWAUKEE, at 6 o'clock A. M.,

Tuesday	May 31	Saturday	Aug. 13
Thursday	June 9	Thursday	" 18
Tuesday	" 21	Tuesday	Sept. 6
Saturday	July 2	Saturday	" 17
Tuesday	" 12	Tuesday	" 27
Saturday	" 23	Saturday	Oct. 8
Tuesday	Aug. 2	Thursday	" 20
Tuesday		Nov. 1	

LEAVES MACKINAC, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

Wednesday	June 1	Sunday	Aug. 14
Friday	" 10	Friday	" 26
Wednesday	" 22	Wednesday	Sept. 7
Sunday	July 3	Sunday	" 18
Wednesday	" 13	Wednesday	" 28
Sunday	" 24	Sunday	Oct. 9
Wednesday	Aug. 3	Friday	" 21
Wednesday		Nov. 2	

DOUSMAN & CO., Agents.
Warehouse and Docks, foot of Erie st., near the new harbor. my26l542d1mov1

STEAM TO GLASGOW.
LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, DUBLIN AND LONDONDERRY,
WITHOUT DELAY FOR THIRTY DOLLARS.

RETURN TICKETS GOOD for six months, to either of above places for $60.

FROM NEW YORK.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, 19th March, 12 M.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Wednesday, 13th April, 12 M.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Saturday, 16th May, 12 M.
FROM GLASGOW.
EDINBURGH, Cumming, Saturday, 19th March.
GLASGOW, Thomson, Wednesday, 20th April.
EDINBURG, Cummins, Saturday, 7th May.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FROM GLASGOW.	FROM NEW YORK.
First Class, - 12 guineas.	First Class, - - $75
Steerage found with cooked provisions, 8 guineas.	Steerage found with cooked provisions, 50
Children under 12 years of age, half fare; Infants in Steerage, free.	

Return tickets, available within six months, by any steamers of this line.

First Class,	$140
Third Class,	60

An experienced surgeon attached to each steamship.
For passage, apply to
ROBERT CRAIG,
16 Broadway, New York.
Or to T. J. HIGBY,
West Water St., Milwaukee
dec31l75d6m

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases.

Great variety of all kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy29.

Great Excitement!!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF THE finest GOLD WATCHES, SILVER WARE, JEWELRY, and Fancy Goods, ever brought to Milwaukee, JUST RECEIVED: VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
MATSON & LOOMIS.
201 East Water street,
dec18 Milwaukee, Wis.

BIRD CAGES
AND
WILLOW WARE.

BLAIR & PERSONS, AT THEIR NEW Store, No. 156 East Water Street, are just opening the best assortment of Bird Cages and Willow Ware ever brought to this market, which they, offer to the trade, or at retail, at the lowest prices.
May 11th, 1859.

FILTERS! FILTERS! FILTERS!!

KEDZIES RAIN WATER FILTERS Just received for sale at Blairs Persons new stand No. 156 East Water street. ce28

Books and Stationery.

STRICKLAND & CO.,

Have just received the following

NEW BOOKS.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.
By Edmund Abbott; 75c.

EXPERIENCE OF A MINISTER.
By Theodore Parker; 75c.

SPARKS FROM A LOCOMOTIVE.
By the author of "Belle Brittan;" $1.

HINTS TO HORSEKEEPERS:
With a Chapter on Mules and Ponies. By H. W. Herbert; $1,50.

Recollections of the American Revolution.
A Private Journal; Prepared from authentic Records By Sidney Barclay; $1.

THE BEHAVIOUR BOOK.
A Manual for Ladies. By Miss Leslie; $1.

Bartlett's Dictionary of Americanisms.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.
By Abbott; $2,50.

Thoir's Consulate and Empire.
Third volume; $1.50.

BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT.
Part 37, 38 and 39.

KNITTING WORK;
A Web of Many Textures; Wrought by Ruth Partington; $1,25.

LEGENDS AND LYRICS.
By Adelaide Ann Procter; 75c.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF MISSIONS.
$5.00.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL BELL.
25c.

GENTLE ANNIE SONGSTER.
No. 2. 25c.

CONSUMPTION:
Its Nature, Prevention and Homeopathic Treatment, By Wm. Hitchman, M. D. 25c. aug1a

COPYING BOOKS.

WE HAVE A FINE SUPPLY OF VARIOUS sizes and thickness, warranted equal to any made. STRICKLAND & CO.,
jy23 135 East Water Street.

JUST RECEIVED.
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary,
NEW PICTORIAL EDITION.

WE HAVE JUST ISSUED A NEW edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary containing
1,500 PICTORIAL ILLUSTRATIONS,
BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED.
9,000 to 10,000 New Words in the Vocabulary,
TABLE OF SYNONYMS, BY PROF. GOODRICH.

In which more than two thousand words are carefully discriminated, forming a fuller work on English Synonyms, of itself, than any other issued, besides Crabb, and believed in advance of that, a table giving the pronunciation of names of 8,000 distinguished persons of Modern Times, the peculiar use of words and terms in the Bible, with other new features, together with all the matter of previous editions.

IN ONE VOLUME OF 1750 PAGES.
PRICE $6,50.

☞Specimen pages of illustrations will be sent on application, to those desiring it.
G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.
For sale by TERRY & CHEAVER,
Jo28 Booksellers and Stationers, 167 East Water St.

New Rag and Paper Warehouse!

CHASE & BRADLEY,
210 WEST WATER STREET,
Bet. Spring and Oneida St. bridges, Milwaukee.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS FOR the sale of every variety of Wrapping Paper, at Mill prices.
Highest Price in Cash paid for Rags, Old Papers, Rope, and all kinds of Paper Manufacturer's Stock.
ce28l3-d&twly

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

Hanford, Blackmarr & Co.,
(LATE HARRISON, HANFORD & CO.,)

HAVE OPENED, AT NO. 5 ALBANY Block, Michigan St., opposite the Newhall House a large stock of Book, News, Cover, Colored and Envelope Papers.

Also Letter Papers, Flat Caps, Folio Post, Letter and Note Papers, which will be sold very low. Constant additions will be made to the stock, to meet the wants of the trade.
☞All kinds of paper made to order on very short notice. Printers and others are invited to call and examine our stock and prices.
Connected with
HARRISON, HANFORD & CO.
MANUFACTURERS, CUYAHOGA FALLS, OHIO.
oct23-l384-d1y

TO LAWYERS.

WE HAVE AN ASSORTMENT OF LEGAL Cap and other varieties of first class sized papers, with Envelops to match, for sale at unusually low prices. NOONAN & McNAB.
apr23

TO FISHERMEN.

WE HAVE A SMALL CONSIGNMENT of Seine and other varieties of *Fishermen's Twine*, which we will sell at cost to close out the lot.
Also, Cotton Lines and other varieties of small cord or sole cheap. mar2l-d&twly NOONAN & McNAB.

H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
STATIONERS,
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
RULERS AND BINDERS.

BINDERS STOCK, PRINTING INK, AND Flat Papers, always on hand in large quantities. Antique binding in the neatest style. No 219 East Water St., Kneeland's Block, Milwaukee.
Apr6l239d1y

Wood, Lumber, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JONES & POPE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in the various kinds of very best Coal, for Steam, Blacksmith, and Family purposes. Also,

Wood, Baled Hay and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand. Wood sawn or unsawn, to suit customers.

AT LOW PRICES,

Delivered to any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, and of the best quality.

All large coal dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, please give us a call. We will sell at Chicago prices, delivered on board the vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market; being proprietors of an extensive Coal mine, which we work daily at Cleveland, are prepared to sell as low as anybody.
☞Office at Kinnare Wood and Coal Yard, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis.
aug23l361d1y

MENZIES & CO.,
—DEALERS IN—
LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, &c.,
CORNER LAKE AND HANOVER STS.

WALKER'S POINT, NEAR MENOMONEE, have always on hand a good assortment of DRY LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES. Tow orders punctually attended to. Lumber delivered on board the cars FREE.
R. MENZIES. [aug15l362d1y] R. J. CHIVAS.

CASH COAL YARD!
C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following Kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold at this Yard warranted full weight and high quality.

LEHIGH PREPARED COAL,
LEHIGH LUMP COAL,
SCRANTON PREPARED COAL,
SCRANTON LUMP COAL,
LACKAWANA PREPARED COAL,
LACKAWANA LUMP COAL,
PITTSTON PREPARED COAL,
PITTSTON LUMP COAL,
BLOSSBURGH COAL,
PITTSBURGH COAL,
ERIE AND CLEVELAND COAL.

Will deliver to dealers and large consumers, at any point on the lakes or canals, at the lowest rates, exceeding freight.
☞All orders addressed to C. DUDLEY, Agent, Milwaukee, will receive prompt attention.
☞Office and Yard, corner of West Water and Clybourn streets, near Huron Street Bridge, Milwaukee. jy15l356d1y

Wood and Hay for the Million!!

JUST OPENED, ON THE CORNER OF West Water and Clybourn sts., (office in Mabbett & Breed's lumber office,) a

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
WOOD AND HAY MARKET.

No better Wood can be found, in any style, (out or uncut), "dry as a bone," "sound as a nut," "chaff as a rock," "wiser as a sail!" Will sell wood to retailers at a price lower than they ever expected to buy.

Never lay so Good. (WELL BALED,) "bright as a dollar," "sweet as a rose," Will be shipped to all others to their GREAT ADVANTAGE.

☞Both Wood and Hay delivered at any part of the city at a moment's warning. Give us a trial is all we ask. my16l308d1y G. H. LAMBERTON.

A. STRONACH,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Lumber, Timber, Shingles and Cedar Posts

CORNER ERIE AND EAST WATER streets, near Walker's Point Bridge. Lumber and Timber for sale by the car load or cargo. Always on hand a large stock of Joists, &c. Mills cut to order. Mills, Manistee, Mich. WM. T. THROP.
je9l329d6mo. Agent.

MILWAUKEE TIMBER YARD.
ONE MILLION FEET.
S. BATCHELDER,

MANUFACTURER OF NORWAY AND White Pine Timber, has established a yard on River St., foot of Martin, for the sale of Timber, Norway Pine Piles, and Spars. Bills of timber furnished to order. jy7d4m1y.

FRENCH CHINA.

BLAIR & PERSONS, AT NO. 156 EAST Water Street, have for sale a new stock of China, consisting of Hand, dinner and Tea Sets, Fancy Tea Sets, White Dinner and Tea Sets, Fancy Coffee and Tea Cups, Fruit Baskets, Rich Vases, Card Receivers, Toy Tea Sets, &c., &c., which they offer at reduced prices. ce28

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

SPRING AND SUMMER.

HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, ROPE, AND TINMAN STOCK.

CASH SYSTEM.

HAVING ADOPTED THE CASH SYSTEM for the past year, seeing its advantages, particularly to our customers, we have concluded to continue selling our goods for Cash the coming year. We will sell in small or large quantities to suit them as they can do elsewhere, taking quality into consideration.

We are confident the CASH SYSTEM is the only true one, and shall make increased efforts to do business on that basis, and no house can successfully compete with us.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

To this Department, we call the especial attention of all in the city, country, and places tributary to Milwaukee, as possessing advantages to any store in the West. Our stock is larger, the assortment more numerous, and quality of the goods superior to that which you generally find in Hardware Stores.

Please call upon us, or send your orders, and we will endeavour to please you, both in prices and goods. TERMS CASH.

TINNERS' STOCK.

We keep constantly on hand a fine stock of TIN PLATE, COPPER, ZINC, WIRE, SHEET IRON, and everything used by Tinners. Our prices are low, and we are prepared to undersell with any other place, CHICAGO NOT EXCEPTED. Please send in your orders with the cash, and the goods will be shipped without delay. ap8l.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND Sardine Scissors, Champagne Openers, Cork Screws, Nut Picks and Crackers, &c.
aug23 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.

TO FISHERMEN.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED LARGE stock of Cotton Seine Twine assorted, from 12 to 6 thread; also a full stock Gilling, Thread and Cotton Rope, which we sell very low for cash.
aug22 H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TO BROOM MAKERS.

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF OUR FALL stock of Broom Sewing Twine, grey and colored, Winding Twine, Broom Wire, tinned and bright, from No. 21 to 25, all of which we are selling very low. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. H. J. NAZRO & CO.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

THE SEASON FOR PRESERVING Fruit is at hand. Call at Nazro's Building, where you will find a large assortment of Enameled Kettles, Sauce and Stew Pans. H. J

THE SENTINEL.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY, September 4, 1859.

Money Matters.

No change in rates for money or exchange. There is a considerably increased call for money to meet the produce demand, but the banks continue to take all good securities coming from depositors at the usual discount. Exchange is in good supply, and a reduction in the price—now 1¾ ₱ cent on New York—is looked for every day. Our produce shipping not having commenced quite as early this fall as at Chicago, at the latter place, rates of exchange are now lower than they are here, although the reverse of this has been the case all the spring and summer.

The *Press & Tribune* in its money article of Saturday, says:

Country banks and correspondents are now sending in produce drafts and short acceptance quite liberally for discount, and business generally begins to assume a more active and healthy tone. Exchange to-day is 1¾, with almost a certainty of its being 1¼ cent on Monday. The fall of exchange is inspiring the currency makers with new zeal to supply the West with a few millions "sound reliable currency" redeemable in dimes, half-dimes and three cent pieces at the enormous rate of $135 ₱ day. This matter is discussed more at length in another column. Some of our readers may possibly think us captious in this matter, but as sure as fate is "day of reckoning" cannot be put off many months.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says that Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa currency is in demand at 1¾ discount, and round sums could be disposed of at 1⅜@1¾.

Breadstuffs, &c.

Receipts and shipments of flour and grain for the past 24 hours are shown by the following table:

Receipts.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
By M&Mis RR	120	15,027	....	148	80	25
By M&Mis RR	458	9,705	....	....	42	....
By M&W R R.	....	5,619	68	21	....	....
Total.....	578	30,351	68	164	122	25

Shipments.

To Buffalo.....	150	17,420	....	....	....	....
To Collingwood	30	....	....	....	....	....
Total.....	150	17,420	....	....	....	....

There was a good deal of excitement in the wheat market this morning, and under the influence of an active demand to fill out some cargoes No. 1 spring advanced 1c, considerable quantities selling for shipment at 74c. In the afternoon, however, the feeling was not so buoyant, and although nothing occurred to warrant us in reporting the market lower, buyers were by no means so plenty as in the morning, and we think the tendency in prices was downward. There was nothing done in flour. Oats were in demand and as high as 2-c paid for good qualities. Receipts of other articles still continue very light, and we have no change to note in prices.

CHICAGO, SEPT. 3RD.—The wheat market to-day was not so active—the transactions being principally to fill out cargoes previously commenced. Holders, however, were firm, and there was but a very slight abatement in prices.

FLOUR—Receipts: 4,691 bbls; shipments: 5,501 bbls. Market firm with a good demand for Spring. Winter dull and drooping. Sales were:—100 bbls "Pantry" Spring extras, 100 bbls "Marine" do, 500 bbls fall brands of do, all at $4,00; 400 bbls "Mills" do at $4,25. Winter extras, nominal at $4,20@4,25. Rye flour nominal at $2,25@2,50.

WHEAT—Receipts: 95,017 bus; shipments: 44,500 bus. Winter—unchanged. Sales were:—150 bus white (by sample) at $1,05 delivered; 800 bus No. 2 white at 95c in store; 1,000 bus No. 1 red at 91c on track; 500 bus No. 2 red at 86c in store; 1,500 old No. 2 red at 86c in store. Spring—less active and heavy. Sales were:—4,500 bus No. 1 Spring at 73c in store; 19,500 bus do at 72½c in store; 2,800 bus No. 2 Spring at 70c in store; 20,000 bus do in lots at 70½c in store; 1,000 bus do at 71c in store; 300 bus rejected at 62c in store; 7,000 bus old standard at 80c in store.

CORN—Receipts: 11,256 bus; shipments: 2,855 bus.—Advanced 1c. Sales were:—7,000 bus No. 1 at 62½ c delivered; 800 bus do at 62c in store; 2,000 bus do at 61½c in store; 1,200 bus do at 61½c in store; 15,500 bus do at 62c in store; 300 bus No. 2 at 58c in store; 700 bus do at 59c in store.

OATS—Receipts: 958 bus. Sales were:—12,951 bus; shipments: 10,000 bus. Steady. Sales were:—1,000 bus No. 1 in lots at 25c in store; 200 bags do at 26c delivered.

RYE—Receipts: 983 bus. Sales were:—900 bus No. 1 at 56c in store; 100 bags at 56c at depot.

BARLEY—Receipts: 900 bus. In fair request and steady. Sales were:—170 bus No. 1 at 44c in store; 150 bags do at 46c at depot; 150 bus at 45c at do.

WHITEFISH—Receipts: 119 bbls. Nominal at 2.3½@ 24c.

CINCINNATI, SEPT. 2ND.—Receipts: 2,155 bbls flour, 1,000 bus corn, 5,870 bus wheat, 1,084 bus oats, 406 bus barley.

FLOUR—The market continues without change, and the demand is moderate and chiefly local. The sales are confined to 400 brls at $4,50 for superfine, and $4,60@5,00 for extra. 2,155 brls were received the last 24 hours.

WHEAT—The market is dull, but prices are sustained; sales of 500 barrels at 23@23½c—the latter rate for wagon.

PROVISIONS—There was a firmer feeling in the market for bacon to-day, and holders refused to sell except at 7½@7¾c. The only sales were 40 bbls shoulders at 7c, and 50 do sides at 9c, at Madison.—An improved demand for bulk meats, and prices 1c higher. Sales 50,000 lbs sides at 8c; 25,000 lbs shoulders at 6¾c; one 30 bbls do at 6¾c packed. 100 bbls of mess pork sold at $16,00.

LARD—Sales of 125 bbls finseed at 8½c.

GROCERIES—Sugar steady and in fair demand. Sales of 90 hhds at 7@7½c. Molasses unchanged and selling at 27@28c. Coffee steady.

WHISKEY—There is a good inquiry for prime white, and this quality is 1@2c higher, but all other grades are in but moderate demand, and prices tending downward. Sales 500 bush prime white at $1,11; 350 do do at $1,10 delivered; 300 do do at $1,09; 1,000 do do at $1,12½; 300 do do at $1,10; 300 do inferior at 85c; 100 do fair white at $1; 100 do fair red at 93c; 300 do good do at 95c.

CORN—The market is quiet and steady. Sales 500 bus at 75c, and 500 do at 76c.

RYE—The market is steady at 72@73c. A sale of 500 bus at 72c.

OATS—A fair demand and the market is firm. Sales 1,200 bus at 40c, and 600 do at 39½c.

BARLEY—The market is quiet and unchanged. A sale of 100 bus new at 60c.

ST. LOUIS, SEPT. 1st.—Receipts: 1,252 bbls flour, 999 bags do, 9,342 bags wheat, 4,049 bags oats, 1,191 bags corn, 294 bags barley, 104 bags rye.

FLOUR—Market quiet. Sales include 50 bags low grade country at $1,60; 50 bags superfine at $2,02; 250 bags double extra, and 196 bags private; 165 bbls single extra country private at $4,00; 100 bbls do extra do private, and 250 bbls double extra city at $4,60.

WHEAT The increased receipts to-day caused the price to rule 2@3c 'ᵬ bus lower than yesterday. Sales included 104 bags choice dirty spring at 67½c; 1,526 bags club at 69c; 134 bags do at 70c; 224 bags very choice do at 87½@90c; 560 bags inferior, common and fair fall from 75 to 86c; 2,500 bags good and prime from 90 to $1,09; 3,000 bags choice white prime and choice red and white at $1,05@1,08; 510 bags prime, and 630 bags choice white and Zimmerman at 1,10.

CORN—Dull and unchanged. Sales were confined to 250 bus in the ear at 42c, delivered, in bulk; 500 bags mixed at 66@66½c, and 250 bags white at 70c, delivered, including bags.

OATS—Very little change—the quotations not being quite full as yesterday. Sales comprised 1,000 bus inferior at 33@35; 1,000 bags light and fair at 37@37½c; 1,153 bags good and prime, in second hand and large double bags, at 38@39c; 765 bags prime, in good and new bags, at 40c, part delivered, and 100 bags at 39c; 3 bags returned.

BARLEY—250 bags good spring were sold at 46c, bags returned.

RYE—Sale of 164 bags at 57½c, bags returned.

PROVISIONS—We heard of no sale, except in a retail way, and prices are unchanged.

MOLASSES—Sales comprise 300 to 400 bbls rebolled 30@32c; Louisiana, 30@32c, and New Orleans do at 44c, in barrels, and half barrels at 42½c.

WHISKEY—Receipts very small. Sales 50 bbls at 26½c.

IMPORTS AT BUFFALO FOR THREE YEARS.—The following is a comparative statement, showing the imports of the principal articles, by Lake, at Buffalo, since the opening of navigation up to September 1st, for three years:

	1857.	1858.	1859.
Flour, bbls	260,478	60,619	540,535
Pork, bbls	17,537	25,583	63,410
Beef, bbls	15,380	14,071	24,071
Whiskey, bbls.....	39,851	38,433	13,099
Wheat, bus	1,995,109	6,057,021	1,970,546
Corn, bus.....	4,304,957	3,808,997	2,103,534
Barley, bus.....	....	104,516	59,228
Oats, bus	548,233	2,042,865	55,000
Rye, bus.....	....	11,909	12,521

MILWAUKEE DAILY MARKET.

Monday—P. M.

FLOUR—Market dull and heavy, and prices unsettled.

WHEAT—Market opened active at a slight advance on No. 1 spring; but closed dull with a downward tendency. Sales 450 bus No. 1 at 73c; 700 bus do at 73½; 900 bus do at 73¾; 3,500 bus do in lots on track at 74c; 250 bus, a little better than the standard of No. 1, at 75c; 1,550 bus do in lots at 76c; 950 bus extra club at 77c; 2,300 bus do at 78c. No sale of winter.

OATS—Scarce and in demand at 26@28c. 100 bus sold at 25c.

CORN—Firm and worth 62½@63c. 35 bags shelled corn sold at 65c.

BARLEY—46@48c for No. 1. None in market.

RYE—Good samples will sell at 58@55c.

POTATOES—Selling at 40 to 45c.

EGGS—Dull, 7c in bbls.

BUTTER—Firkin 11@12½c; roll 13@15c.

HIGHWINES—Firm to-day at 24½c.

HIDES—Steady at the following quotations: Green 6 @6¾c; do salted 7½@8¼c; dry salted 12@13c; dry flint 14@15c.

SALT—Coarse Solar $1,35; ground solar, $1,25; dairy $2,25; fine $1,25 ₱ bbl.

WOOL—A very nice parcel of 250 lbs sold at 45c.

RECEIPTS BY RAILROADS.

RECEIVED BY MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI R. R., Sept. 5—120 bbls flour, 15,027 bus wheat, 28 bus rye, 2 bbls eggs, 350 lbs sundries, 50 bus barley, 123 bus corn, 1,200 lbs tallow, 8,344 lbs hides, 4,439 lbs furs, 900 lbs rags, 1,480 lbs butter, 100 lbs wool, 10 bags shorts.

RECEIVED BY MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA RAILROAD, Sept. 3.—438 bbls flour, 308 sks do, 9,705 bus wheat, 42 bus barley, 37 bus potatoes, 754 lbs hides, 17,040 lbs sundries, 14 head cattle.

RECEIVED BY MILWAUKEE & WATERTOWN R. R., Sept. 3.—5,519 bus wheat, 50 lbs hides, 2 bbls eggs, 68 bus oats, 15,132 lbs rags, 460 lbs sundries, 340 lbs wool.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 5—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Heavy, and 5@10c lower for all grades except State, which rules scarce and firmer; sales 7,300 bbls at 3,95@4,30 for superfine state; 4,40@4,70 for old and new do; 4,75@5,00 for new do; 4,00@4,30 for superfine western; 4,40@4,80 for common to good extra western; 4,70@4,90 for old; 5,00@5,25 for fresh ground shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; closing quiet. Canadian flour dull at 4,60@5,50. Rye flour quiet; sales 150 bbls at 4,80.

WHEAT—Dull, heavy and 1@2c lower; 1,40@1,45 for new white Ky; 1,17 for new common red Ohio; 1,30 for new white southern, 1,30 for new red do; unsound Chi spring 72c; white western 1,85@1,40.

RYE—Quiet at 82c.

BARLEY—Dull.

CORN—1c lower; sales 84,000 bus at 56c for old mixed western in store; 81@81½ for new do. 58c for yellow southern.

OATS—Firmer; 37@40 for old state; 40@42 for new do; 37@40 for western; 38@42 for Canadian.

WHISKEY—Steady; sales 250 bbls at 26½.

PORK—Irregular; mess firm, while prime is lower; sales 450 bbls at 14,50@15,00 for mess, 10,75 for clear; 13,50 for thin mess; 10,25@10,50 for prime, including 1,000 bbls mess at 14,00 check up.

BEEF—Dull; sales 200 bbls at 5,50@6,00 for prime; 7,00@7,25 for do mess; 8,00@11,00 for repacked Chi; 12,00 for extra. Beef hams quiet at 15,00@17,75.

BACON—Dull; sales 26 tierces bagged hams at 11¾.

CUT MEATS—Firmer; sales 80 packages at 7½@7¾c for pickled and dry salted shoulders; 8¾ for hams.

LARD—Firm; sales 500 bbls at 10,25@11,00, for No. 1 to prime Western.

BUTTER—Firm; 13@16 for Ohio, 15@25 for State. CHEESE—Firm, at 7@9¾c as in quality.

SUGAR—Rather better; Mo 6¾ 8¾; Tenn 6¾ 8c; Erie 4th 5½; Goshen branch bonds 50; Pac mail 86; N Y C 76¾; Hudson 36; Harlem pref 81; Reading 42¾; M C 46¾; N S guaranteed 20¾; C C & C 98½; Gal & Chicago 72½.

BUFFALO MARKET.

BUFFALO, Sept. 5—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Steady; sales 1,000 bbls at 4,50@4,62½ for extra western; 5,00@5,25 for double extras; Upper neglected.

WHEAT—New spring steady; red and white winter closed 2@3c lower; sales 18,000 bush new Chi spring at 61c; red Ohio 96c; red Mich 96½c; white Ohio 1,07; white Ind 1,08.

CORN—Quiet; no sales.

BARLEY and rye quiet.

WHISKEY—Nominal at 24½c.

LAKE FREIGHTS—3,500 bbls flour, 60,000 bush wheat, 21,000 bus corn, 2,000 bus oats.

CANAL EXPORTS—2,000 bbls flour; 50,000 bush wheat; 44,000 bush corn.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[Per Arago.]

LIVERPOOL, BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—Richardson, Spence & Co., report flour tending downward and nominal; American 19s@19s 3d. Wheat declined; western red 10s@10s 2d; do white 10s. Corn firm, and holders asking an advance of 1d per quarter; mixed yellow 5s 6d@ 5s 9d.

LIVERPOOL, PROVISION MARKET.—In the Liverpool provision market, beef was heavy; previous quotations were lower in sympathy with lard. Pork steady. Bacon dull. Lard quiet but steady. Tallow steady at 50s.

[Per North Britain.]

LIVERPOOL MARKETS, Aug. 24.—Produce—Coffee dull; rice firm, Carolinas 21s 6d@22s 6d.

LONDON MARKET, Aug. 24.—Breadstuffs declining; wheat dull and partially 1@2c lower.

Provisions—Coffee dull; rice dull; Rosseo oil dull; wool unchanged.

LONDON MONEY MARKET—Steady; American stock dull; Erie securities have declined slightly.

ARRIVALS OF MERCHANDIZE

Per Propeller Michigan—Northern Transportation Co.—G. L. Hale Agent, at M. & M. R. R. Dock.

FOR THIS CITY.—H Bellak, 20 bxs raisins; P Fuesholter, 12 bbls oil, 26 rolls leather, 5 bales gambrie; Hunn & Co, 7 bbls sugar, 5 bags coffee, 1 box soap; J Lewis, 21 bbls apples; J B Schram, 7 rolls 1 box leather; B, 26 bbls apples; Bradford Bros, 5 bxs goods; L J Higby, 1 box goods; Best & Co, 1 bf-bbl liquor.

FOR THE CITY—Newman-McKay & Elwell, Janesv, 1 bx dry goods; O & White, Hipsley, 4 pkgs goods; B & Lewis, P City, 6 pkgs drugs, 5 boxes goods, 2 bags corks, 1 keg glue, 5 bbls rosin, 1 keg paint; J B Smith, Fox Lake, 2 box hooks; B & Prentiss, St Paul, 2 bbls sugar, 2 sacks salt; S S Peterson, 1 bbl whiskey; Wm H McClung, 6 bbls sugar, 2 bbls molasses, 3 bags coffee, 1 box, 1 bbl tobacco, 7 cs tea, 21 pkgs goods; W R Smith, F du Lac, 20 pkgs furniture, 1 roll zinc; F Whitaker, Janesville, 1 box goods; F Whitaker, Racine, 2 bxs boots; Porter & K, Palmyra, 5 cs tea; C J Pettibone, P City, 15 cases boots, 45 pkgs dry goods; M Mellugh, La Crosse, 3 cs tea; J Marsh, Waukesha, 2 cs tea, 5 do; Peckham, Messiah, 1 cs goods; P Kelley, Wisania, 2 boxes goods; Staples & Co, Stillwater, 3 bbls goods; Clark & Co, Madison, 5 cs tea; Eaton & W, 4 cs tea; 2 bxs tobacco; C E Barrett, Whitew, 16 pieces bdy goods; H Beach, P du Chien, 7 bxs boots and shoes; Barker & B, Pewaukee, 2 cs tea.

Per Propeller Buffalo—American Transportation Co.—G. L. Dousman, Agent.

FOR THE CITY.—Hinle & P, 1 c h ware; F Edwards, 100 bx saleratus; Seyman & Z, 5 b twine, 1 bbl blacking; Bosworth & Sapples, 1 do; Eslinger, 5 bbls apples; J D & Co, 30 bbls nails; J Rice, 3 c paints; J H Tenth, 5 bbls ochre, 1 bbl, 4 kegs putty, 8 kegs lead, 1 bx paint; G P Revil & Son, 5 bbls iron; J H Cortes & Co, 1 case cigars; C Hammerton, 1 pkg dry goods; Harper & Co, 21 bxs 1 ware; Spangenberg & F, 1 cask, 1 bbl liquor; Dicks & Palmer, 2 kegs varnish; steamer Detroit, 48 mattresses; Nacro & Co, 101 h iron, 5 bdls do; Greene & Co, 1 bbl S Johnson, 122 bxs brandy; A Roy & Co, 234 bbls apples.

FOR THE COUNTRY.—N H Wood & Co, Pacific, 9 bbls fruit; C E Pettibone, Portage City, 2 hf bbls prunes, 10 bags coffee; I A Williams, Delafield, 1 trunk; Fehling, 1 roll r belting; J T Wright, Janesville, 5 boxes hardware.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, September 5, 1859.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Planet, Sweeney, Chicago
Steamer Indy Elgin, Wilson, Superior, 40 pass and bag gage
Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven
Steamer Undine, Dougal, Two Rivers
Steamship Milwaukee, Cole, Grand Haven, 25 pass, 32 tons mds, 25 bbls tobacco, 1 hf-bch tea
Propeller Mohawk, Pheatt, Chicago
Propeller Pittsburgh, Beckwith, do
Propeller Chicago, Herrick, do
Propeller Michigan, Hopkins, Ogdensburgh, 1 hf-bbl liquor, 3 tierces rice
Propeller Buffalo, Conkey, Buffalo, 45 tons nails
Schr Oconomowoc, North Shore, Holmes, 190m ft lumber
Schooner Cautious Alley, Johnson, Manitowoc, 58m Shingles, 022 cedar posts
Schooner P. H. Tracke, Borden, Chicago
Schooner Farmer, Thompson, Muskegon, 85m ft lumber

CLEARED.

Steamship Milwaukee, Cross, Grand Haven
Steamer Undine, Overland, Dougal, Two Rivers
Steamer Planet, Sweeney, Chicago
Steamer Indy Elgin, Wilson, Chicago
Steamship Detroit, McBride, Grand Haven, 22 pass, 1 ton freight
Propeller Evergreen City, Chamberlin, Collingwood, 30 bbls flour
Propeller Michigan, Hopkins, Chicago
Propeller Buffalo, Conkey, Chicago
Propeller Chicago, Herrick, Buffalo, 150 bbls flour, 420 bus wheat, 26 sacks oakes

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MONDAY, September 5th.

☞ Vessels passed Port Colbourne Lock from 4 P. M. on the 3d of September till 4 P. M. on the 5th of September:

Bound West—On 3d: Schrs Ben Franklin, M A Rankin. On 5th: Schrs W H Merritt, Olivia, Junius. Plymouth Rock, Marquette; Prop Young America; Scow Markwell.

Bound East—On 3d: Schr Helen. On 5th: Prop Ontario; Schrs S Meriden, Coleraine, Antelope, Andover and Lively.

☞ The following is a list of vessels passing Detroit from Friday noon to Saturday noon:

Up—Stmr. Michigan; props. Milwaukee, Plymouth; schrs. A. Howes, Twin Brother.

Down—Props. Tonawanda, schrs. Hubbard, J. Hibbard, Andrew J. Rich.

ASHORE.—The Detroit *Tribune* of Saturday evening, says:—"The tug *Ontario* discovered an unknown vessel aground early this morning, on the shoal off the Clay Banks. A propeller was endeavoring to get her off, and quite possible has succeeded ere this."

The schr. *Alvin Bronson*, says the same paper, bound from Toledo to Oswego, with a cargo of wheat, went ashore last Wednesday night on the "Hen and Chickens," an island near Put-in-Bay. The tug *Ontario* went to her relief, but not succeeding in getting her off, she came to this city for the wrecking tug *Oswego*, Capt. Kimball, which left this morning with three steam pumps. As success invariably attends the *Oswego* on such expeditions, we expect soon to be able to chronicle the relief of the unfortunate schooner. The vessel and cargo, we learn are fully insured.

Groceries and Provisions.

H. C. LIVINGSTON,

14 SPRING STREET,

MILWAUKEE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING PURCHASED all the stock in trade, and also all the accounts and debts due of the late firm of Geo. H. Stevens, would respectfully solicit the continuance of his former liberal favors extended to him. All those indebted to him are requested to make payments to the subscriber or to Mr. V. V. Livingston, who is also authorized to collect the same for my account. I have now in store a large assortment of Groceries and Provisions, which I am offering at the lowest market prices. H. C. LIVINGSTON.

Having disposed of my interest in the Wholesale and Retail Grocery business, I would recommend all my old customers to continue the favors to my successor, Mr. H. C. Livingston, who will be pleased to serve all who will favor him with a call at the old stand, 14 Spring St., in this city.

aug28d&5d6w GEO. H. STEVENS.

THIS WAY WITH YOUR MONEY!

JOHN W. LEDYARD,

Cash Grocer and Wine Dealer,

NO. 161 EAST WATER STREET.

CLARET WINE.

50 CASES SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST received, and for sale cheap, by JOHN W. LEDYARD, Grocer and Wine Dealer, 161 East Water street.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR sale cheap at LEDYARD'S Wine and Tea Store.

J. D. ALLCOTT. A. B. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge. dec14d95dly

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts.

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

FIRE:
Manilla Rope, (all sizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (all sizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Seine Twine,
Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,

And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store. Aug16th84dly.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE LOT OF Two Yarn Manilla, suitable for Baling and Binding purposes. Also single Manilla Twine. CHEAP. L. T. CHASE & CO.

F. JACOBI & CO.,

No. 20 Market Square, Murray's Block

RECOMMEND THEIR WELL KNOWN stock of—

FRENCH AND RHINE WINES,

BRANDIES, ARRAC, RUM AND GIN,

And all other articles in their line of business. Our goods are of the best quality, and we continue to sell the same as heretofore, at the lowest possible prices. One Counter, and some other articles adapted to a Grocery Store, for sale cheap. aug23d10ddly

EDWARD TRUSLOW,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS

Teas, Tobacco, Fish, &c.,

119 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

HAVING A BUYER CONSTANTLY IN the New York market, has facilities for offering Goods unsurpassed by any House in the West. Je22d&82d1y.

Machinery.

F. Y. HORNING'S

PLANING AND FLOORING MILL,

AND SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY, at the old stand, east side of Milwaukee river, between Mason and Oneida streets, opposite Ludington & Co's Lumber Yard. Sash and Doors always on hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices. Also all Kinds of Mouldings for sale. jy12d61dly

BEST WHEEL IN THE STATE.

EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY,

WEST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT in the STATE

TURTON & SERCOMB.

MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR, SAW and other Mill Gearing, together with Castings of all descriptions: Steam Engines of the latest improvements; Brass and Composition work.

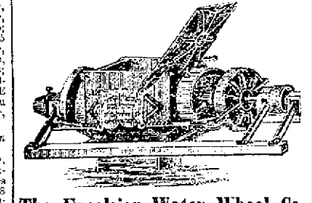
Also manufacturers of the celebrated Barland & Tuttle Water Wheel. It uses less water, in proportion to the power given, than any other wheel manufactured. It is adapted to either high or low heads of water, runs perfectly steady, and is not affected by ice or back-water. It has given general satisfaction to all who have used it, and that, together with its durability, gives it an entire superiority over all other wheels. Descriptive circulars, with reference, forwarded on application.

THOMAS TURTON. JOHN SERCOMB.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

—TO—

MILLWRIGHTS AND OWNERS.



The Excelsior Water Wheel Co.

ARE MANUFACTURING A NEW KIND of Water Wheel, patented 1st May, and 11th December, 1858, by J. H. Fairchild, of Vermont. It involves an entirely new principle of obtaining power, and of controlling the water; by which we obtain a greater maximum power than is afforded by any other wheel now in use. Some of the advantages of this wheel are—

1st. We obtain the ENTIRE WEIGHT of the water, and have the advantage of the full head and fall, from water wheel.

2d, It surpasses all other wheels in velocity and power.

3d. It is perfectly under the control of the workmen, either when used to drive a large or small amount of machinery. The friction of the gearing is not diminished by reducing its motion, since it depends upon the weight of the column of water below the wheel. Such always running with the same.

4th. It occupies less space than any other wheel—is placed inside the flume, near the SURFACE of the water, and is never affected by frost.

5th. The buckets, being made of iron, being made of iron and can be put in in any place and attached to Saw Mills, Grist Mills, and machinery of all kinds, with less expense than any other wheel. The form of which the wheel is made that the expense of gearing up is avoided for nearly all purposes.

Together with the advantages above stated, we are ready to warrant the Wheel to possess a power equal to the following figures, for each foot fall of water:

Inch wheel.....		32,100 horse-power.
10¾	"	99,000 "
12	"	99,000 "
13½	"	131,000 "
15	"	161,000 "
15¾	"	2,103,534 "
18	"	2,56..00 "
21	"	3,57..00 "
24	"	5,06..00 "
27	"	5,25,000 "
30	"	6,50..000 "
36	"	9,36..000 "

Wheels of the above sizes make from 400 to 1000 revolutions per minute. Wheels, and complete water gate, pully and shaft, so that the purchaser has only to place it in the flume, which can be done with less expense than any other wheel now in use.

The Company have competent workmen, who will put them in any place in workmanlike manner, at reasonable rates. They can be furnished at a less price than any other wheels now in use.

W. B. STURGESS, Sec'y, Troy, N. Y.

CERTIFICATES.

MIDDLETOWN, Ct., Dec. 1, 1852.

Dear Sir—In answer to your favor asking my opinion of the Fairchild Patent Water Wheel that you have put in my Factory, I would recommend all in stating that it has exceeded my expectation. I took out a Bronz Wheel 10 feet in diameter, by 2 feet Buckets, and replaced it with one of Fairchild's Patent 15 inch Wheels, and it gives more power, with no great amount of water, and the gumation is as steady as that of steam engine. It has also the advantage of being very cheap and durable.

I operate under a 9 feet head and fall, and carrier with equal regularity and steadiness a greater or less amount of machinery, "such as is necessary for the manufacturing of Paper." Therefore as my wheel and machinery upon my old Wheels would materially lessen the Power.

It is without doubt the best Wheel I have ever used, and my experience in Water Wheels extends over a period of 30 years. Any one using the Excelsior Wheels will be convinced of its superiority (however sceptical) if he will take the trouble of calling at my factory and see its performance.

I am, yours, respectf lly,

EDWARD SAVAGE.

Mr. Savage writes me again under date of Jan. 24th 1859. The Wheel continues to perform entirely well, and I am more and more pleased with it. It has not caused us a day's delay since you were here.

SHELDON, Franklin Co., Vt., June 29, 1858.

Dear Sir—I have one of Mr. Fairchild's wheels in operation at my Machine Shop, which I can recommend to be perfectly satisfactory. It combines and possesses all the advantages which are claimed for it. The wheel which I am using is twelve inches in diameter. It has more power than any wheel of the same than the twelve feet Breast Wheel, which I have heretofore used, requiring less water under the same head and fall. H. CARLISLE.

Many other testimonials from heavy eastern manufactories may be seen at my office, where the public are invited to call and examine it in motion. At all times they will at all times be kept on hand to supply the demand. An 18 inch wheel is now running the Planing Mill. Every necessary convenience for the manufacture of Sash, Doors and Blinds at the manufactory in Troy. Eq. White hand, Sash Planers, &c., are of the latest improved pattern, and all are invited to call and examine it under practical test, and a motion of 700 revolutions per minute. For further particulars address

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Iron Work of all Descriptions.

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All kinds of TEAM, WAGON, BUGGY, CARRIAGE and CART HARNESS.

Horse Clothing of every description and quality.

WHIPS, BLANKETS, NETS, BELLS,

and every article used in connection with the above.

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To strangers visiting Milwaukee, we would say, our intention is to do business in such a manner as will satisfy and give entire satisfaction.

To our old customers we believe it is only necessary to say, we shall conduct our business on the same principles as heretofore, and thankful for past favors respectfully solicit their continuance. jy16d3dawly

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Whips, Hosiery, Horse Clothing, Nets, &c.,
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1859. 1859.

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